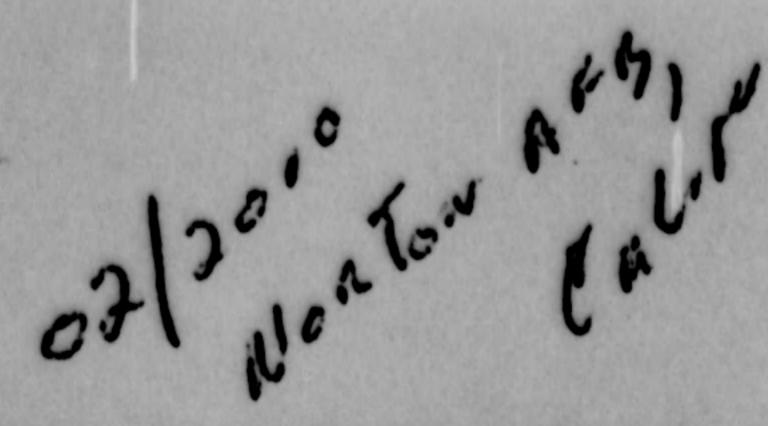
1. DATE - TIME GROUP 2 Nove her 53 3/04002	2. LOCATION Horton AFB, Callifornia
	10. CONCLUSION
	AIDCRAFT
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS	
One	Mitness thought light of be a/c landing light.
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS
30 Seconds	The airmen observed a bright while light at 2000, 2037, 2043
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION	SI, approx 3-5 deg above I horizon. Object didinot Love
Ground-Vienal	observed it was in the some place. Observers stated that
7. COURSE	the edges seemed to be funzy.
i.est.	
8. PHOTOS	
XX. Not hevo.	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE	
D.Y.	

FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Provious editions of this form may be used.

Multi



AIRWAYS AND AIR COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE Detachment 1907-2 (1907th AACS Sq) Norton Air Force Base, California

4 November 1953

SUBJECT: U. S. Air Force Technical Information Sheet

TO:

COMMANDER

Air Technical Intelligence Center Wright-Patterson AF Base, Ohio

ATTN:

ATTAE-5

- 1. Submitted herewith is U. S. Air Force Technical Information Sheet with information regarding an unidentified aerial phenomenon observed by a control tower operator for Norton Air Force Base.
- 2. Pictures of the object were taken by the tower operator and the film is being forwarded to your Headquarters this date.

l Incl as stated

Capt., USAF

Detachment Commander

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U. S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

	1. 2000
1. When did you see the object?	2. Time of day: 32037
	Hour Minutes
Doy Month 1953 Noor	(Circle One): A.M. or P.M)
3. Time zone:	
(Circle One): a. Eastern	(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving
b. Central	(b. Standard)
c. Mountain	
d. (Pacific) e. Other	
4. Where were you when you saw the object?	
Dot 1907-2 A.A.CS. 7/	etter A. 7. B. (lil.
Negrost Postal Address	Sity or Town Stote of Country
Additional remarks: A descripting	Mut while our duty
THE COURT	elle. Aswith a signit a still
5. Estimate how long you saw the object.	20
Houre	Minutes Seconds
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how cert	rain you are of your answer to Question 5.
	Not very sure
	Just a guess
6. What was the condition of the sky?	
	d. Just a trace of daylight
(Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight	Ce. No trace of daylight
c. Bright twilight	f. Don't remember
7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, TWILIGHT,	or DAWN, where was the SUN located as you looked at
the object?	
(Circle One): a. In front of you	d. To your left
b. In back of you	e. Overhead
b. In back of you c. To your right	e. Overhead f. Don't remember

8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, TWILIGHT	, or DAWN, what	did you notice concerni	ing the STARS and MOON?	
8.1 STARS (Circle One): 8.2 MOON (Circle One):				
o. None	a. Bright moonlight			
(b. A few)		b. Dull moonligh		
c. Mony		c. No moonlight		
d. Don't remember		d. Don't remembe		
9. Was the object brighter than the background	9. Was the object brighter than the background of the sky?			
(Circle One): (a. Yes)	b. No	c. Don't rem	ember	
10. IF it was BRIGHTER THAN the sky backgro	und, was the brig	htness like that of an o	utomobile headlight?:	
(Circle One	(a. A mile or m	ore away (adiabate)?	
	b. Several blo	cks away?		
	c. A block aw	ay?		
	d. Several yar	ds away?		
	e. Other			
11. Did the object:		(Circle One for each	question)	
a. Appear to stand still at any time?	(Ye	No No	Don't Know	
b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at at	ny time?	(No)	Don't Know	
c. Break up into parts or explode?	Y		Don't Know	
d. Give off smoke?	(Ye	S (No	Don't Know	
e. Change brightness?			Don't Know	
f. Change shape?			Don't Know	
g. Flicker, throb, or pulsate?	(Ye	9) No	Don't Know	
12. Did the object move behind something at any	time, particularly	a cloud?		
(Circle One): Yes (No) it moved behind:	Don't Know.	IF you answer	ed YES, then tell what	
13. Did the object move in front of something at	anytime, particula	rly a cloud?		
(Circle One): It moved in front of: Yes No	Don't Know.	IF you answer	ed YES, than tell what	
14. Did the object appear: (Circle One):	a. Solid?)	b. Transparent?	c. Don't Know.	
15. Did you observe the object through any of the	following?			
a. Eyeglasses b. Sun glasses c. Windshield d. Window glass Yes No	e. Bind		No No	
b. Sun glasses Yes (No)	f. Tole	scope Yes	(No)	
c. Windshield Yes (No)	g. The		(N)	
d. Window glass Yes (No)	h. Othe	·		

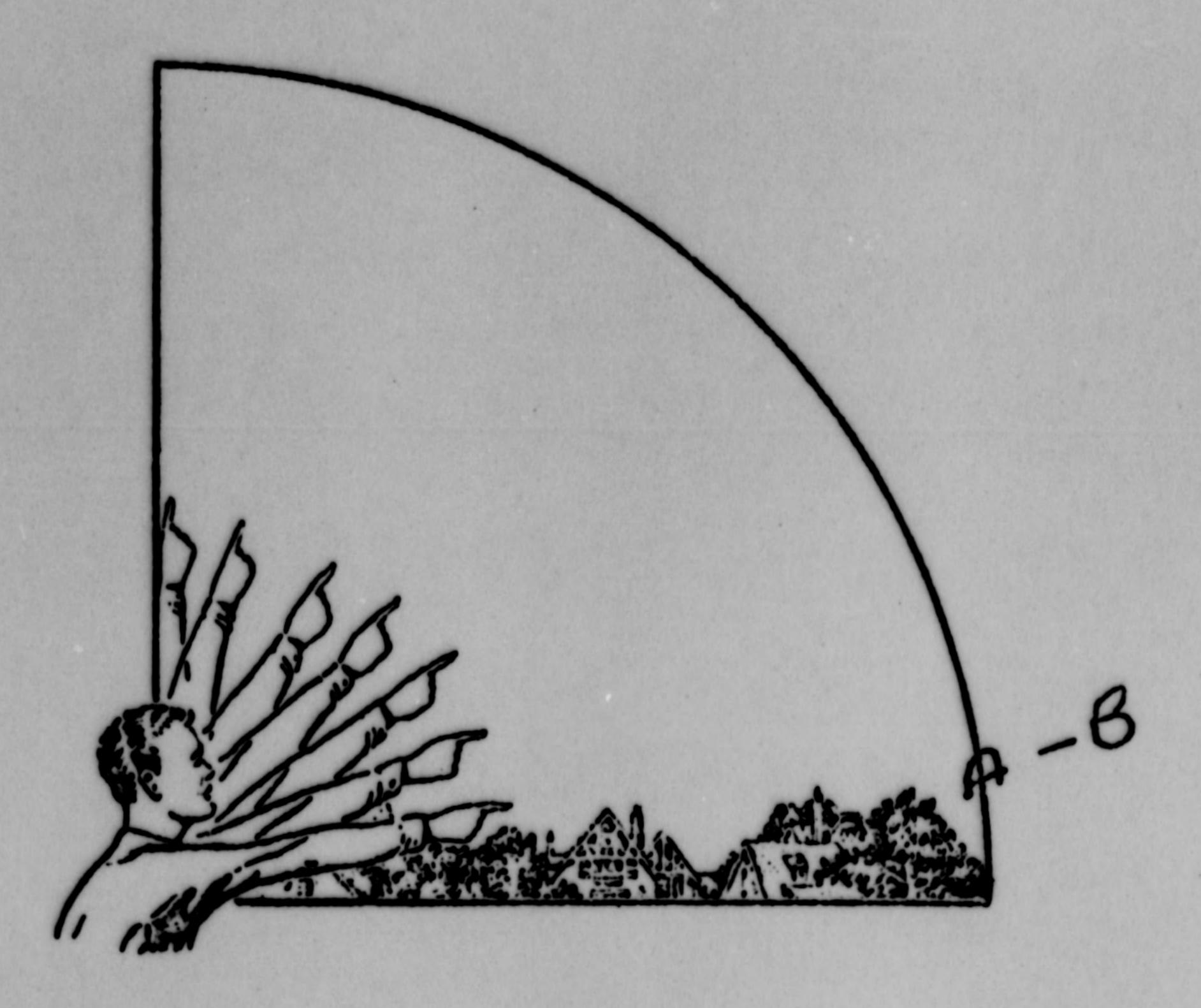
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16. Tell in a few words the following things about the object.
b. Color Light appeared white and very bright.
17. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label and include in your sketch any details of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especially exhaust trails or vapor trails. Place an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving.
18. The edges of the object were: (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember
19. If there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling. The same object or light was seen three different limes in about the
same position.

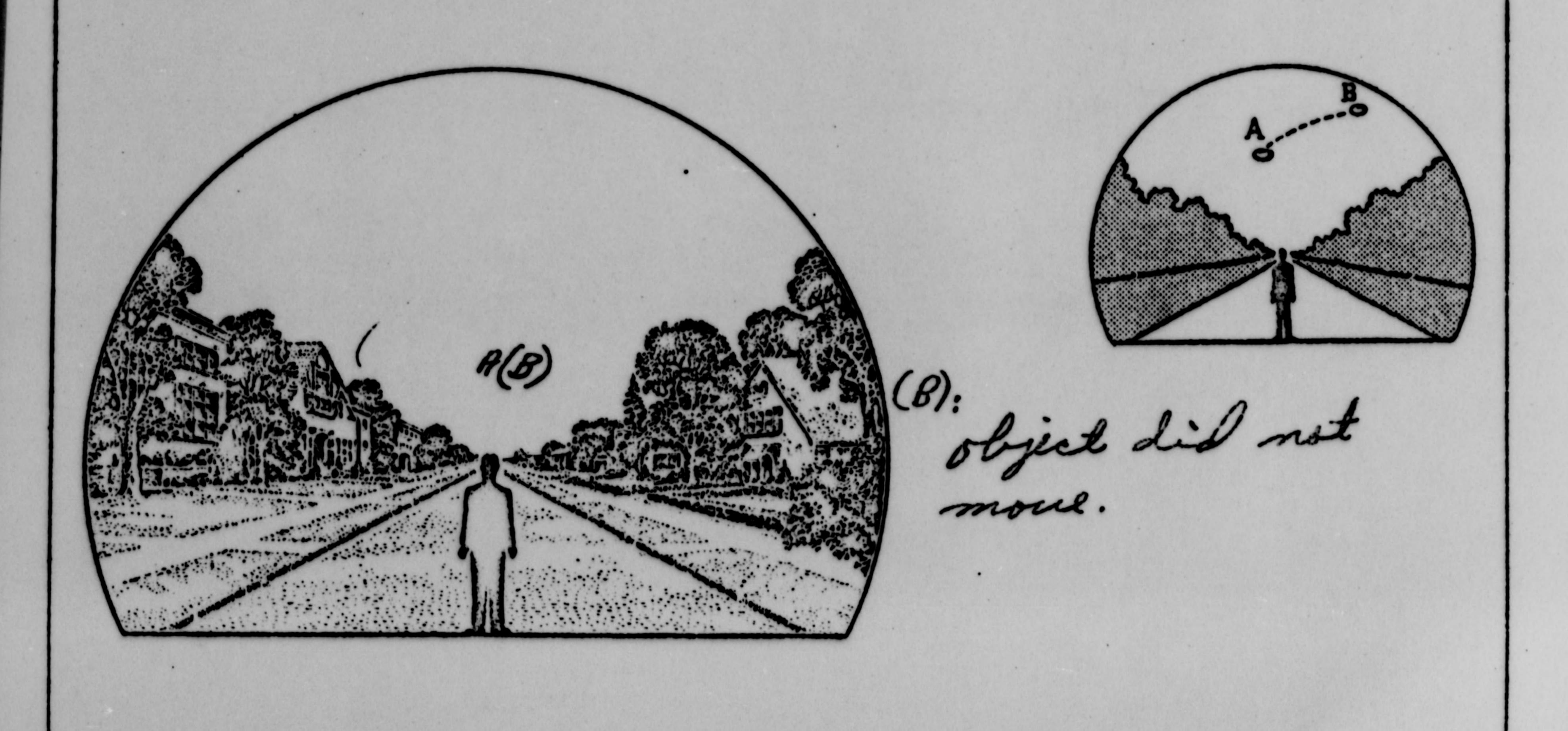
of the path, a "B"	at the end of the path, and show a	bject or objects made. Place an "A" at the alignetic of the cours of the cours of the cours of the alignet of t	ille
21. IF POSSIBLE, try t	o guess or estimate what the real feet.	size of the object was in its longest di	mension.
22. How large did the o		red with one of the following objects he	ld in the hand
(Circle One):	a. Head of a pin b. Pea c. Dime d. Nickel e. Quarter f. Half dollar	g. Silver dollar h. Baseball i. Grapefruit j. Basketball k. Other	
22.1 (Circle One of th	a. Certain (b. Fairly certain)	in you are of your answer to Question 22 c. Not very sure d. Uncertain	
23. How did the object	or objects disappear from view?	The light regardle	Le Lout
construct the object the would it have? Descri	tot you saw. Of what type material with the in your own words a common objection.	what you saw, we would like for you to imale would you make it? How large would it be, a loct or objects which when placed up in the standard large would be a	nd what shape ky would give the

25. Where were you located when you saw the object? (Circle One): a. Inside a building b. In a car c. Outdoors d. In an airplane e. At sea f. Other 27. What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and Located AFB. Associated AFB.	steling the areament		
the field Lummende	the Montan Court of Tours		
28. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other veh	nicle at the time, then complete the following questions:		
28.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)			
a. North b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South f. Southwest g. West h. Northwest		
28.2 How fast were you moving?	miles per hour.		
28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking (Circle One) Yes	g at the object?		
29. What direction were you looking when you first saw the	object? (Circle One)		
a. North c. East	e. South G. West		
b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South f. Southwest h. Northwest		
30. What direction were you looking when you last saw the	object? (Circle One)		
a. North c. East	e. South (g. West)		
b. Northeast d. Southeast	f. Southwest h. Northwest		
31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction) from true North and also the number of degrees it was up 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North 260 me 20 degrees. b. From horizon 3 to 5 degrees. 31.2 When it disappeared: a. From true North 260 me 270 degrees. b. From horizon 2 to 5 degrees.			

32. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it.



33. In the following larger sketch place an "A" at the position the object was when you first saw it, and a "B" at its position when you last saw it. Refer to smaller sketch as an example of how to complete the larger sketch.



34. What were the weather conditions at the	time you saw the object?
34.1 CLOUDS (Circle One)	34.2 WIND (Circle One)
o. Clear sky	a. No wind
b. Hazy	(6. Stight breeze
c. Scattered clouds	c. Strong wind
d. Thick or heavy clouds	d. Don't remember
e. Don't remember	
34.3 WEATHER (Circle One)	34.4 TEMPERATURE (Circle One)
o. Dry	o. Cold
6. Fog, mist, or lightento	(b. Coo)
c. Moderate or heavy rain	c. Warm
d. Snow	d. Hot
e. Don't remember	e. Don't remember
35. When did you report to some official that 2 Month Day Month	you had seen the object? 1953 Year
36. Was anyone else with you at the time yo	u saw the object?
(Circle One) (Yes)	
36.1 IF you answered YES, did they see	the object too?
(Circle One) (Yes)	No.
36.2 Please list their names and address	
A-/3C	
Norton AFS, CAL	; <i>f</i> .
37. Was this the first time that you had seen	an object or objects like this?
(Circle One) (Yes)	No.
	here, and under what circumstances did you see other ones?
37.1 IF you answered NO, men when, w	nere, and under what circumstances all you see other ones:
38. In your opinion what do you think the obj	ect was and what might have caused it?
1 11:11 11	he deflet was a bill
and might have	been caused leys an aircraft
	been caused by an averyt
Londing light.	

39. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the ob	ject?
(Circle One) Yes, (No)	
IF you answered YES, then what speed would you	estimate?m.p.h.
40. Do you think you can estimate how far away from	
(Circle One) Yes No	5 to 10 miles.
IF you answered YES, then how far away would yo	ou say it was?
41 Dia	
41. Please give the following information about yourse	
NAME Last Name	First Name Middle Name
ADDRESS	Nonton A.F.B CALif.
	City Zone State
TELEPHONE NUMBER	
	Tower OperAtor - U.S.A.F.
What is your present job?	ower over or
Age Sex	
Please indicate any special educational training t	hat you have had.
a. Grade school	e. e. Technical school
b. High school	(Typo) Cantral Louis School
c. College	f. Other special training
d. Post graduate	
12. Date you completed this questionnaire:	Doy Month 1938

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U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET (SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnaire, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.

NAME Pic	
NAME (Please Print)	
SIGNATURE	
DATE 1. Mouember	19.25

(Do Not Write in This Space)
CODE:

The first time Low the bright light was at about eight-oclack in the wening while making received wind where the deline wind the street wind the field. Seeing the light Lasured that it might he an aircraft's lowling light of some plane nearing the Ontario airport located west of Horton airbane. Ten or fifteen nimeter letter I was informed buy the Morton dispatch action that the editor of the Semi, a Sam Bernardina newspaper, was on the phone saying that several persons in the food saying that several persons in the food servander, had reported sighting a very bright light in the vicinity of footans. A request were made by the dispatcher that we notify with again.

at light therety seems of saw the bright light again and notified the disportables. A short eville late of was told that more persons had sighted the dight open. I his time the light was at about the same good as the first and stoops on for about twenty seconds. The light liminished in interestly steadly and rapidly distill it went sut.

six minutes later at eight faity theree A saw the light again in the same place an legare. I picket up the cancera and seteppedantaile of the Contral Tower call and muse able to get one pieture of the bright light lufare et went out. This was the lost time Lawthe light. In taking the sichus abutter apered was set at one the texte and the diaphrogm set at three and fine The lighted is not move at any of the three Times of saw them and I would estimate the allitude at which from them to his about six Thousand Id. Ihere were eters wisible around the lighte but mane were mean as leight as the Eleve lights.

NO CASE (INFORMATION ONLY)

3 Nov 1953 (England)

THREE MESSAGES RECEIVED 19 November 1953 REGARDING SIGHTING IN ENGLAND:

1. A british sergeant and four assistants were testing a radar set in a London suburb. Suddenly, an intense signal flashed on the set--far greater than those obtained from ordinary planes. The signal came from an object which seemed circular or spherical and white in color.

The five radar men knew they were dealing with a mysterious metallic object about the size of a very large bomber. For fifteen minutes, the strange signal persisted on the radar. Then the object sped off over the English countryside at

a height of 60,000 feet.

Two RAF officers flying a jet at 20,000 feet also saw the saucer-shaped phenomenon. They said the huge spheroid was giving off or reflecting a fierce light -- and passed their plane at tremendous speed.

The British War Office and the Royal Air Force Fighter Command are said to

have begun an investigation.

2. The British War Office and Air Ministry confirmed this morning that a "strange object" had been tracked on November 3rd by Army radar. The object—a metallic phenomenon the size of a very large bomber—also was sighted by two Royal Air Force officers flying in a jet plane. Even as an investigation was begun, a woman in Essex said she had sighted a "mysterious object" in the night sky on the same day and again/days later.

QYER

3. People in England are up in the air over a new "flying saucer" controversy. The meteorological office in London says a white disc reported by two fliers and registered over a radar screen is nothing but a weather balloon. Another official claims the alleged "flying saucer" fits the description of a new aircraft being built by a foreign power. He declined to name the power.

11/19 DR 324P

VIRGINIA FIREBALL OF 1953 NOVEMBER 3 A.M.S. No. 2356

B. S. RAGLAND and C. P., OLIVIER

a bright fireball was observed ning point we have only one complete by 11 persons in or near Richmond, Va. The reports were gathered by Beauford S. Ragland who, 6 years later, became our regional director for Virginia, and whose sudden and untimely death in 1961 was a very great loss to the A.M.S. These reports he later turned over to Olivier for a possible solution. The diffice: the latter comes from all cing in an area with ance of longitude only ... latitude, and all, who gave coordinates, with 21' of latitude. indoors or in cars it must have been The sub-end point is determined by very bright to attract their attention. intersection of 4 azimuth lines almost No train was mentioned and no durain a point. The end height is based tions given. Ragiand did not at that on two isfinite and two indefinite esti- time have a copy of our questionnaire

In this date at about 6:11 p.m., most surprising. As for the sub-beginobservation and one altitude from another station. By using the proportional tangents an approximate beginning point, Fi2, is found. The height is 110 km but must be considered as of low weight. From the chart we then find the radiant's azimuth is 156° and the altitude uncorrected for slope is 10°. The fireball's color was bluishwhite and it was designated as "large", one person definitely saying it equalled the full Moon. As some observers were d 4:1. H2 comes out as as guide for asking data. The path is mirror a separation of the unusually high for a fireball, and as H1 only 11° hence the is uncertain no orbit is calcuated. The lly in a point is usual data follow:

Date		
Sidereal and point		
Began over		km
Ended over		km
Projected length of path		
Length of path	142 km	
Radiant uncorrected	a=155°, h=9°	
Zenith correction parabolic		
Radiant corrected	a=156°, h=8°	
	a=177°, S=+45°	

E.S.T., another fine fireball was observed from New Jersey. We have one good Palmyra, and two very poor ones from elsewhere. Wood gave the beginning at zenith, path vertical to N.W., end altitude 20°, duration 4 seconds. It was brilliant blue, diameter 1/3 of full Moon so=10'. A fragment broke off just ofore disappearance. Though the path this fireball could not be computed

On this same date at 6:25 p.m., we have enough data to be sure it could not have come from the same radiant as the Virginia one 15 minutes earlier. observation from D. S. Wood at It may be added, that in our fireball card file, for 1951, we already have 8 fireballs seen from November 1 to 6 inclusive of which 4 came on Nov. 3 and 4, an unusual number for nonshower nights when one temembers that, in spite of all efforts, it is certain that we receive reports on only a very small fraction of fireballs which appear.