DE RJEDEN 003P
R 171645Z
FM COMDR 4602D AISS ENT AFB COLO
TO OIC FLT 2A 4602D AISS SNELLING ABEEEEE AFB MINN

/UNCLAS/AISOC 0936 PD REFERENCE YOUR MESSAGE AIS2A 088 PD
LIMITED INVESTIGATION OF WHITEWATER WISC UFOB SIGHTING ON 30/2009Z
SEP 56 IS SUBJECT PD UNFORTUNATLEY THE TWO BALLOONS RELEASED BY
UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA ON 28 SEP 56 DO NOT ACCOUNT FOR THIS
SIGHTING PD
SIGHTING PD
SIGHTING PD
SIGHTING PD
LIF ALL POSSIBLE SOURCES OF BALLOON INFORMATION HAVE NOT BEEN
CONTACTED REQUEST YOU RESUME INVESTIGATION AND REPORT RESULTS TO
INFORMATION RECEIVED HERE INDICATES SIGHTING WAS CAUSED BY A CLUSTER
OF BALLOONS PD
A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SIGHTING IS AS FOLLOWS:
LEAST SEVEN OBJECTS WERE OBSERVED MOVING IN A SOUTH WESTERLY
DIRCCEPEEEE DIRECTION PD
SOME OF THE OBJECTS MOVED SLOWLY AND THE
OUT OF SIGHT PD
END
THE OBJECTS DISAPPEARED BY FADING

1615642 OPS

ENO

RAJEDEN

DE RJEDNG 16

R 161400Z

FM COMDR FLT 2-A 4602D AISS SNELLING AFS ST PAUL MINN

TO COMDR 4602D AISS ENT AFB COLO

BT

/UNCLASSIFIED/AIS2A 088 PD REURMSG AISOC 0917 CMM THE FOLLOWING

INFO IS SUBMITTED PD
1 PD TIME OF RELEASE 28 SEP 56 1330Z AND 1430Z PD
2 PD NO PD
3 PD COSMIC RAY STUDY PD
4 PD ONE PD
5 PD USED TO LET DOWN PACKAGES AFTER BALLOON BURSTS PD
6 PD PRCHTS RELEASED AFTER BALLOON BURSTS PD AFTER FURTHER INVESTIGATION IT WAS FOUND THAT BOTH BALLOONS WENT DOWN IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS PD BALLOONS RELEASED IN NEWARD MISSOURI PD END

BT
16/1415Z OCT RJEDNG

RGR HR MAI



UNITED STATES AIR FORCE MILITARY AFFILIATE RADIO SYSTEM

MARSGRAM

FM: AFØFDD ST PAUL MINN

TO: OPERATIONS OFFICER

SUBJ: UFOB

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RELEASED TWO 40 FT

MYLAR BALLOONS WITH 10 POUND PACKAGES UNDERNEATH.

RECOVERED ONE IN WEST CENTRAL ILLINOIS.OTHER BALLOON

UNACCOUNTED FOR. MYLAR MATERIALS APPEAR AS CELLOPHANE

COULD BE CLUSTER OF METALLIC OBJECTS SITED OVER

WHITEWATER WUSCONSIN. PACKAGE HAS 3 ORANGE PAPER

PARACHUTES. COULD BE YOUR OBJECTS.

SGT HEALY

1022372/AFOFDD

THIS	MESSAGE	WAS	HANDLED	THROUGH	THE	COURTESY	OF	MARS	AND/OR	AMATEUR	RADIO.	YOU	MAY	REPLY	THROUGH
STAT	ION		ADDRI	ESS									w	THOUT	CHARGE.
DEL TI	TERV TO A														

1 October 1956

Mrs. Louise Buening 460 Ann Street Whitewater, Wisconsin

Dear Mrs. Buening,

This organization is responsible for analysis and preliminary investigation of unidentified flying object sightings within the boundaries of the United States. We appreciate your cooperation in reporting your sighting; however, additional information is needed for analysis of this sighting.

The inclosed ATIC Form No. 164 (U.S. Air Force Technical Information Sheet) is forwarded for your convenience in supplying this squadron with the needed information. Again our thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

2 Incls:

1. ATIC Form 164

2. Rtn Envelope

CHARLES W. GODSEY Captain, USAF Assistant Adjutant ENP003ENAI18YDB058ARA048AEH016 RR EJEDEN RJEDWP RJEPNB RJEPHQ DE RJEDAE 3H

R 302045Z

FM COMDR 755TH ACWRON WILLIAMS BAY WISD

TO RJEDEN/COMDR ADC ENT AFB COLO SPRINGS COLO

RJEDAE/COMDR 37TH ADIV TRUAX FLD MSN WIS

RJEDWP/COMDR AIR TECH INTELL CENTER WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO RJEPHQ/DIR OF INTELL HQ USAF WASH D C

RJEPNB/COMDR EADF STEWART AFB NEWBURGH N Y

/U N C L A S S I F I E D/ UFOB 2890 PD

1. A. OBLONG

B. SMALL PLANE

C. WHITE/SILVER

D. TWO

E. NEGATIVE

F. NEGATIVE

G. NEGATIVE

H. NEGATIVE

I. NEGATIVE

4602D AISS UPOB REPT 583

DATE-TIME GROUP 30/2009 2 Sep

Whitewater 7):

30/2300Z Sap

PROS BIRDS

Manual of Disappear

Manual of Disappear

16450

PAGE TWO RJEDAE 3H

2. A. GOC OBSERVER

B. 20.000 FT SE

C. 20.000 FT SE

D. NEGATIVE

E. DISAPP. INTO TREES

F. 10 MIN.

3. A. VISUAL

B. NEGATIVE

C. NEGATIVE

4. A. 2009 30 SEP. 56

1409 C57

B. DAY

5. A. BN1550 WHITEWATER WISC.

PAGE THREE RJEDAE 3H

D. 15 PLUS

E. NONE

F. NONE

8. NEGATIVE

9. NEGATIVE

10. NEGATIVE

11. SENIOR DIRECTOR 1/LT CARL W. OLSSON

NO COMMENT

12. NEGATIVE

BT

30/2048Z SEP RJEDAE



Oct 1 10 3 2 3 °58

act. 8, 1956,

We would like a riply on the employment in how one your as to what the abjects were.

Whitewater, wie

PROB BIRES

REFLICTIVE

REFLICTIVE

NUMBER, MOVING IN PLE PINE, DESCENDING

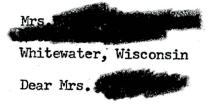
HOVERING. FLOTTERING.

Declassification Authority NND 923007

HEADQUARTERS 4602d AIR INTELLIGENCE SERVICE SQUADRON (ADC)

ENT AIR FORCE BASE COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

1 October 1956



This organization is responsible for analysis and preliminary investigation of unidentified flying object sightings within the boundaries of the United States. We appreciate your cooperation in reporting your sighting; however, additional information is needed for analysis of this sighting.

The inclosed ATIC Form No. 164 (U.S. Air Force Technical Information Sheet) is forwarded for your convenience in supplying this squadron with the needed information. Again our thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

2 Incls:

1. ATIC Form 164

2. Rtn Envelope

CHARLES W. CODSEY

Captain, USAF

Assistant Adjutant

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U. S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1.	When did you see the object? 30 th Stat. 1956 Day Moth Year	2. Time of day: 2:30 to 5:30 P.M. Hour Minutes (Circle One): A.M. or P.M.
3.	Time zone: (Circle One): a. Eastern b. Centra c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving b. Standard
4.	Where were you when you saw the object?	
	Additional remarks: Of a lon during abrieved Italymater	hiteuster Wisconsin City or Town State or Country a two Low period - One object
5.	Estimate how long you saw the object. Hours	Minutes Seconds
	5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how cer	rtain you are of your answer to Question 5.
		Not very sure Just a guess
6.	What was the condition of the sky?	
-	(Circle One): a. Bright bylight b. Dull daylight c. Bright twilight	d. Just a trace of daylight e. No trace of daylight f. Don't remember
7.	IF you saw the object during DAYLEHT, TWILIGHT the object?	, or DAWN, where was the SUN located as you looked at
	(Circle One): a. In front of you b. In back of you c. To your right	e. Overhead f. Don't remember

NO. 164 (13 OCT 54)

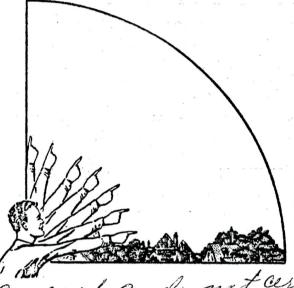
8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, TWILIG	SHT, or DAWN, what did you	notice concerning the STARS and MOON?					
8.1 STARS (Circle One):	8.2 MOO	Y (Circle One):					
a. None	g.	Bright moonlight					
b. A few		Dull moonlight					
c. Many		No moonlight — pitch dark					
d. Don't remember							
U. DON'T remember	g.	Don't remember					
9. Was the object brighter than the background of the sky?							
(Circle One): a. Yes	b. No	c. Don't remember					
10. IF it was BRIGHTER THAN the sky back	ground, was the brightness l	ike that of an automobile headlight?:					
(Circle	One) a. A mile or more awa	y (a distant car)?					
	b. Several blocks awa	N?					
	c. A block away?						
4" ,	d. Several yards away	?					
	e. Other						
11. Did the object:	(Circ	ele One for each question)					
a. Appear to stand still at any time?	Yes	No Don't Know					
b. Suddenly speed up and rush away a	tany time? (Yes)	No Don't Know					
c. Break up into parts or explode?		No Don't Know					
d. Give off-smoke?	O O Yes	No Don't Know					
e. Change brightness? Brighter wo	Landouer Yos	No Don't Know					
f. Change shape? g. Flicker, throb, or pulsate? flutle	Yos Yos	No Don't Know					
g. Tricker, throb, or pulsare: Alim	h when flationary 103	No Don't Know					
12. Did the object move behind something at a	anytime, particularly a cloud	?					
(Circle One): Yes (No	Don't Know.	IF you answered YES, then tell what					
it moved behind:							
		· .					
12 Did the chiest many in front of any string	-AAl						
13. Did the object move in front of something	at anytime, particularly a cle	oud?					
(Circle One): Yes (No	Don't Know.	IF you answered YES, than tell what					
it moved in front of:							
14. Did the object appear: (Circle One):	s a Salida L	T					
14. Did the object appear: (Circle One):	a. Solid? b.	Transparent? (c. Don't Know.)					
15. Did you observe the object through any of	the following?						
a. Eyeglasses Yes N	lo e. Bineculars	Yes No					
b. Sun glasses (Yes) N	f. Telescope	Yes No					
	o g. Theodolite	A No Yes No					
d. Window glass Yes N	o h. Other	they eye					
		V					

20	O. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the o of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show	bject or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning any changes in direction during the course.	
		X W X Y X	
	Puri s		
	3		
14	m e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
	fluttering motion + e.	& cessive speed.	
21	. IF POSSIBLE, try to guess or estimate what the rea		
22	. How large did the object or objects appear as compo and at about arm's length?	ared with one of the following objects held in the hand	
	(Circle One): a. Head of a pin	C:1 J-II	
		g. Silver dollar	*
	b. Pea	h. Baseball	
	c. Dime	i. Grapefruit	
	d. Nickel	j. Basketball	
	Quarter	k. Other	
	f. Half dollar	K. Omer	
	T. Half dollar		
2	2.1 (Circle One of the following to indicate how certain	ain you are of your answer to Question 22.	,
	a. Certain	c. Not very sure	
	b. Fairly certain	d. Uncertain	
23	How did the object or objects disappear from view?	Figh movement	
	construct the object that you saw. Of what type material	of what you saw, we would like for you to imagine that you could would you make it? How large would it be, and what shape ect, or objects which when placed up in the sky would give the	
		will somewing	
	De Maugus Organs	in sunlight.	
	of hright reflective	in sunlight.	
	af hright reflection	in sunlight.	
		ince mital because	
	af hright reflecture		

25. Where were you located when you saw the object? (Circle One): a. Inside a building b. In a car c. Outdoors d. In an airplane e. At sea f. Other 27. What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and Openham a shift for the same		saction of a city? e? field? ? ountry?

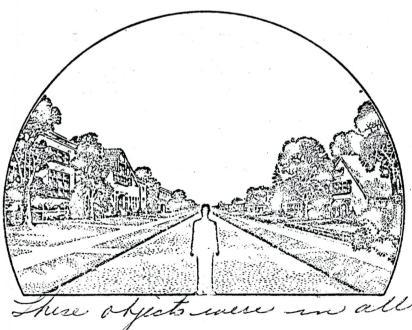
28. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other veh	icle at the time, then complete	the following questions:
28.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)		
a. North c. East b. Northeast d. Southeast		g. West h. Northwest
28.2 How fast were you moving?	miles per hour.	
28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking (Circle One) Yes	g at the object? lo	
29. What direction were you looking when you first saw the	object? (Circle One)	
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast		g. West h. Northwest
30. What direction were you looking when you last saw the	object? (Circle One)	
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast		g. West h. Northwest
31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction) from true North and also the number of degrees it was up		
31.1 When it first appeared:		
a. From true North		
b. From horizon		
31.2 When it disappeared:		Α
a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon 30 degrees.	hind trees - dislance	unknown

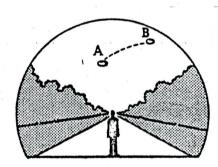
32. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it.



ext certian of dictance

33. In the following larger sketch place an "A" at the position the object was when you first saw it, and a "B" at its position when you last saw it. Refer to smaller sketch as an example of how to complete the larger sketch.





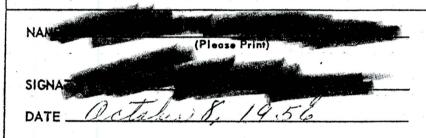
34. What were the weather conditions at t	he time you saw	the object?	
34.1 CLOUDS (Circle One)	•		
		34.2 WIND (Circle One)	
a. Clear sky		a. No wind	
b. Hazy c. Scattered clouds	t.	b. Slight breeze	
d. Thick or heavy clouds		c. Strong wind	
e. Don't remember		d. Don't remember	
or Don't Tomaniag			
34.3 WEATHER (Circle One)		34.4 TEMPERATURE (Circle	One)
a. Dry	**	a. Cold	
b. Fog, mist, or light rain		b. Cool	
c. Moderate or heavy rain		C. Warm	
d. Snow		d. Hot	
e. Don't remember		e. Don't remember	
OF W. 111			
35. When did you report to some official th	nat you had seen	the object?	
Sunds 3016 September	195G		
Day Month	Year		
0.4 111			
36. Was anyone else with you at the time	you saw the obje	ct?	
(Circle One) Yes	No /	MS	
36.1 IF you answered YES, did they s		Whitee	ater. Wes
(Circle One) (Yes	No		The second secon
36.2 Please list their names and addr	esses:	a lly y lein	alw. Wis
3200		Whilewall	w. Wis
mb	Land of the second	millio Janetin	i Was
mis		2 Whitenates 111	1.1.
772)		Whitewar	(lelia)
27 14	and the same of the same		0,00
37. Was this the first time that you had set	en an object or c	bjects like this?	
(Circle One) (Yes)	No		
37.1 IF you answered NO, then when,	where and unde	Is what circumstances did you see at	har ones?
of the first and the first	micro, and onde	what chedinalaneds and you see of	ner ones:

P			
			•
38. In your opinion what do you think the o	bject was and w	hat might have caused it?	
7/1 / 1	<i>A</i>	N. C.	
We haven't	rout -	edear.	
<u>.</u>			
*			
			141.

			-	
39. [Do you think you can estimate the speed of the obje	oct?		
	(Circle One) Yes (No			
1	F you answered YES, then what speed would you a	stimate?	m.p	.h.
40. [Do you think you can estimate how far away from yo	ou the object was:		
	(Circle One) Yes No		feet.	
	F you answered YES, then how far away would you	say it was?	1661.	
41.	Please give the fall control or matien about yourse	f:		
				The second secon
}	NAME	First Name	Middle	Name
		11 hi tour to	7/	linear .
· . /	ADDRESS	City	Zone	State
	TELEPHONE NUMBER			
	What is your present job? <u>Mausesur</u> Age 34 Sex Female	fr)		
	. 34 straight			
	Age Sex January			
	Please indicate any special educational training th	nat you have had.		·
		e. e. Technical school		-
	a. Grade school b. High school	(Type)		
	c. College	f. Other special trai	ning	
	d. Post graduate			
			021.	1956
42. I	Date you completed this questionnaire:	Day	Month	Year

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET (SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnaire, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.



(Do Not Write in This Space)
CODE:

We are makenteers of the Shound Observers Carp, on Sept 30, 1956, we when on duty at I about 2:30 PM the first objects wisighted in South tast and Clicappeareds at 2:45 PM. one abject was in the narther at first object were standing still, there started to drop rapidly, one object appeared to fall apart, there disappeared, These were called in to the tillie Center, Our cade Branc Homenhe 15 Black.

He resorted for duty at 3:00 pm. and sighted two objects at about 3:15 p.m. I me seemed to be stationary for ten minutes + had a fluttering motion This was reported to the Filter Center + while The call was being reported, the object dropped quite a distance + disappeared before into the south east. This object was first sighted directly overhead. The sun was at own balk. after this we sighted a great many objects. It elevere unable to report there as fact as they appeared. Ofter an interval we decided to call our Civil D efense cha. These objects were traveling in every direction + seemed to be like a light. Some Imoved slowly & athers with excessive speed. It a observed trust of these without glasses. He also used sun glasses. Some seemed to drop rapidly + then disappeared from vivo. If we took our eyes of the objects we were not always able to Ilocate them Tagain. The wind was coming from the south east + we are certain we traw five objects as they were in formation & traveling into the wind. The are not bertain if these office objects returned in a different position + separately. A number of these were sighted in the north west after leaving The

> Observer Corps. Bravo november 15 Black

UFO OBSERVERS INSTRUCTION SHEET (Sky Diagram)

1. GENERAL:

- a. The diagram represents all of the sky normally visible to the observer. who is pictured standing under the center of the "dome" of the sky. It is designed to show a three-dimensional view of the area centered around the observer at the time of the UFC sighting.
- b. The position of any object in the sky can be described by giving its elevation, or angle upward from the horizon, and its bearing or angle along the horizon, eastward from north.

(1) Illustrations:

- (a) Elevation is 0 degrees for an object on the horizon, and 90 degrees for the point directly over the observer (zenith). Thus, an object half-way up from the horizon to the zenith has an elevation of 45 degrees.
- (b) Bearing (or "azimuth") is the angle along the horizon, starting from north and moving clockwise eastward. Thus, an object directly toward the east, no matter what its elevation is above the horizon, has a bearing of 90 degrees, an object in the south has a bearing of 180 degrees; toward the west, 270 degrees and so on. North is, of course, zero.

EXAMPLE: An object is seen in the northeast and one-third way up from horizon to overhead. Thus, the object has a bearing of 45 degrees, and elevation of 30 degrees. Similarly, an object having a bearing of 180 degrees and an elevation of 60 degrees would be seen directly south and two-thirds of the way up from the horizon.

2. PLOTTING THE COURSE OF AN OBJECT ON THE SKY DIAGRAM:

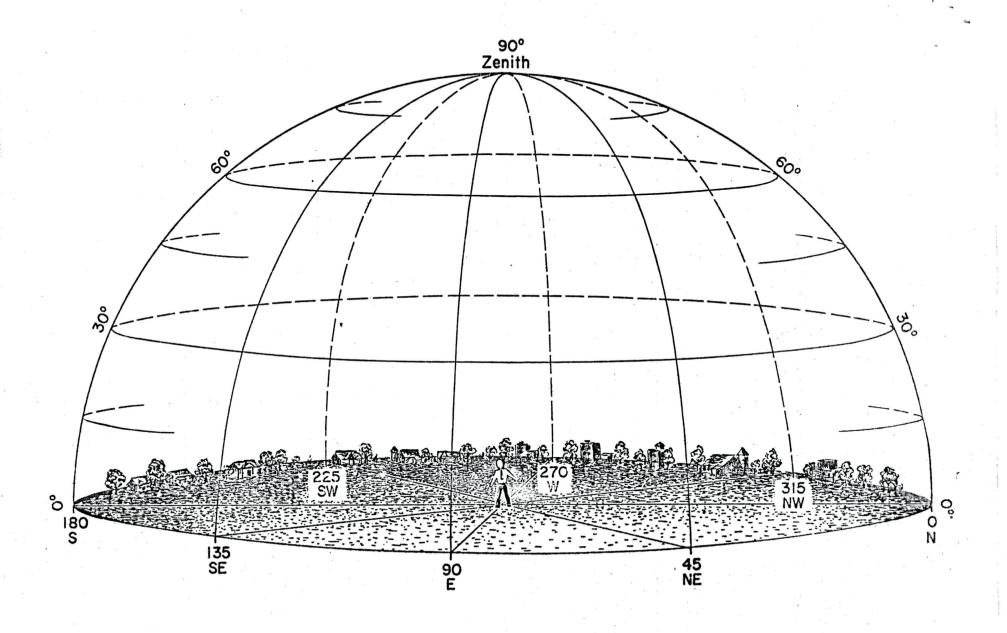
- a. The path of an object across the sky can be shown completely on this diagram simply by connecting with a curved or straight line the various positions the object successively occupies (see example sheet). To aid visualization, the path on the western side of the sky is represented by broken lines; the eastern side in solid lines. Direction of the object is indicated by arrows. The duration of the sighting can be shown by indicating the time at the position, where the object was <u>first</u> and <u>last</u> observed. Where possible, the time at various intermediate positions occupied by the object should also be shown.
- b. The diagram can be made a more effective investigative and analytical tool by making the lines (showing the path of the object) thicker or thinner to indicate any varying brightness of the object observed. This is especially valuable when the object appeared only as a moving light at night. Thus, if a light becomes brighter and then gradually fades, it can be represented by a line becoming increasingly thicker and then gradually thinning out to nothing.
- c. Use of colored pencils is especially recommended if the object changes color or hue during the sighting.

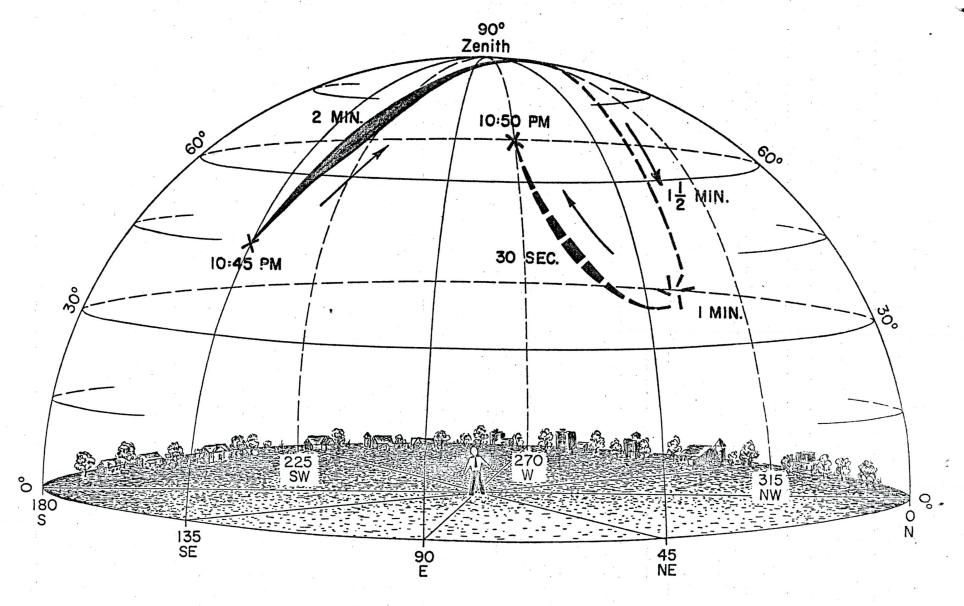
3. EXAMPLE OF DIAGRAM USE:

- a. Verbal Description of Example Sighting: Object was first sighted in the southeast, about half-way up from the horizon to overhead, at 10:45 FM local time. Its shape or outline was hazy, but appeared round and about the size of a pea (at arm's length) from where observed. It was dim at first but brightened considerably as it got higher in the sky. Its color at this point was bluish white. After about two minutes it crossed to the western part of the sky a little to the north of overhead (zenith) and continued its flight toward the west. At this point its color appeared yellowish white. The light went dim when it got two-thirds of the way to the horizon. It then stopped and hovered for about one minute and then climbed rapidly, going toward the southwest and getting brighter. In less than thirty seconds, it had climbed to an elevation of approximately 60 degrees, and then the light went out abruptly.
- b. Pictorial Description of the Sighting: By referring to the example sheet, notice how simply the above sighting can be portrayed and described, without words, on the example diagram attached here. Note the starting point at bearing 135 degrees (southeast) and elevation 45 degrees (half-way up from the horizon) at 10:45 FM (military time, 2245), and the arrow marking direction of flight. Note also the varying thickness of the line to denote changes in brightness, and the use of the dotted line to indicate its path in the western part of the sky. The "time indications" along the path 2 minutes to get to the meridian (the north-south overhead line), the hovering for 1 minute, and the ascent in 30 seconds to its complete disappearance, are all shown with a few lines. Thus, the entire sighting can be represented easily on one diagram.

4. FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION:

- a. Relatively complex trajectories can easily be shown on a diagram of this type. A number of objects sighted can also be indicated, as can any changing formation. The apparent size and shape of the object should be drawn in, preferably by the observer. In the case of an object changing shape or color, this likewise can be drawn in. As previously pointed out, the use of colored pencils to indicate change of color is very desirable.
- b. The landscaping in the sky diagram is placed there to help visualization. If any prominent landmarks such as known mountains, buildings, water towers, or specific installations, trees, etc., are part of the sighting area, they should be incorporated into the drawing. These landmarks may later prove to be invaluable as location, plotting or reference points.
- c. If you are familiar with the constellations or other heavenly bodies, indicate if possible, the relationship (and movements) of the object with respect to these bodies. This can be sketched on either page 6, item 33 or pages 9-10 of "Summary Data" sheet. Typical exemples that can be easily illustrated: "...The object seemed to pass very slowly between the two bottom stars on the handle of the Big Dipper, which was in a vertical position, with the handle pointing down," or "...Object was about the size of a tennis ball -- and remained slightly below and about 15 degrees to the left of the moon."





(EXAMPLE SHEET)

AISOC

Long Distance Telephone Call (Outgoing)

Commander 4602d AISS

AISOC

10 Oct 56 AISS #2 J.A.Machyowsky/vva/4542

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

- 1. Long-distance telephone conversation between Major Albright Flight 2A, 4602D AISS and Lt. Machyowsky at this Headquarters.
- 2. Lt. Machyowsky stated that this Headquarters desired that Flight 2A conduct a limited investigation of the UFOB sighting in Whitewater, Wisconsin on 30/2009Z, September 56.
 - 3. Lt. Machyowsky related various details of the sighting.
- 4. It. Machyowsky requested that Flight 2A contact all agencies which may have released a cluster of balloons on 30 September which may have accounted for the sighting.
- 5. It. Machyowsky stated that reply to this Headquarters would be by
- 6. Major Albright stated that they would report results to this Headquarters by TT Msg as soon as possible.

JOSEPH A MACHYOWSKY, 2/Lt., USAF Assistant Operations Control Officer