Declassification Authority NND 923007

HEADQUARTERS 46026 AIR INTELLIGENCE SERVICE SQUADRON (ADC)

ENT AIR FORCE BASE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

22 August 1956



This organisation is responsible for analysis and preliminary investigation of unidentified flying object sightings within the boundaries of the United States. We appreciate your cooperation in reporting your sightings and the sightings of your family; however, additional information is needed for analysis of these sightings.

The enclosed ATIC Forms No. 164 (U.S. Air Force Technical Information Sheet) is forwarded for your convenience and the convenience of your family in supplying this equadron with the needed information. In addition, being that you personally witnessed two sightings, would you kindly complete a form for each.

Again, our thanks for your occoperation and consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

2 Incls
1. ATIC Form 164
(4 copies)
2. Rtn Envelope

JOHN D. TAYLOR, JR. Major, USAF Adjutant

UNCLASSIFIED

ROUTINE

X

UNCLAS

COMDR 4602 AISS ENT AFB COLO

COMMANDING GENERAL

101 AIRBORNE DIVISION AND FORT CAMPBELL
FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY ATTN G-2

BT

PD

/UNCLAS/ AISOC _____PD

THIS ORGANIZATION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PRELIMINARY IDENTIFICATION OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS WITHIN THE BORDERS OF THE UNITED STATESPD ON \$\phi 9/\phi 225Z AUG 56 AND \$11/\phi 238Z AUG 56 CMM TWO UFORS WERE SIGHTED AT CUNNINGHAM CMM TENNESSEE PAREN 36 31 N 87 22 W PAREN PD INFORMATION RECEIVED HERE INDICATES THAT THE SIGHTINGS COULD HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY A HELICOPTER PARTICIPATING IN A NIGHT OFERATION

REQUEST ANY INFORMATION YOU CAN PROVIDE WHICH COULD ACCOUNT FOR A
HELICOPTER BEING IN THE CUNNINGHAM CMM TENNESSEE AREA AT THE TIME
OF THE SIGHTINGS PD IF NO INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE CMM REQUEST YOU
REPLY STATING SAME PD BT

23 22027

OCT 1956

AISOC

JOSEPH A. MACHYOWSKY, 2nd Lt., USAF 4542 1 1

UNCLASSIFIED

```
STAND BY ONE GOT MORE TO COME
EN0005
 ENAIØ3 YDBLIIFLZØ11
00 RJEDEN RJEPNB RJEPHQ
DE RJEDFL 17
0 1125152
FM COMDR 58AD(D) WPAFB OHIO
TO RJEDEN/COMÓR 4602D AISS ENT AFB COLO
RJEPHQ/DIR OF INTEL HQ USAF WASH 25 D C
INFO RJEPNB/COMDR EADF STEWART AFB NEWBURGH N Y
ZEN/RJEDWP/COMDR AIR TECH INTEL CEN WPAFB OHIO
/UNCLASSIFIED/COC 153
    DESCRIPTION:
                                            FT. CAMPELL, KY.
1.
A .
    ROUND
    BASKETBALLY
C.
   BRIGHT RED
D.
    ONE
E.
    NONE
    REW WHEN STANDING STILL WHITE WHEN MOVING
    NONE
H.
    THERE WAS A SOUND BUT HE HAD NEVER HEARD ANYTHING LIKE IT BEFORE
    DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:
    BRIGHTNESS & COLOR OF OBJECT ALSO HE HAD BEEN LOOKING FOR IT TO
APPEAR FOR THE THIRD TIME
    3000 FT ()
C.
    3000FT
    HOVERED 2 OR 3 MINUTES MOVED SLOWLY TO THE WEST. AND HOVERED AGAIN
D.
E.
  KETP GETTING DIMMER & DIMMER UNTIL FADED OUT
F ...
    TEN MINUTES
3.
    MANNER OF OBSERVATION:
    GOUND VISUAL
Α.
В.
    NONE
C.
    N/A
4.
    TIME AND DATE OF SIGHTING:
A ..
    11 AUG 56 Ø238Z
    NIGHT
   LOCATION OF OBSERVER(S).
CG 3824 10 MILES SOUTH OF FT CAMPELL KY.
    IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF ALL OBSERVERS
               CUNNINGHAM TENN 43 YRS OLD SUPERVISOR OF POST AT FORT
CAMPBELL KENTUCKY
  WEATHER & WINDS-ALOFT CONDITION AT TIME & PLACE OF SIGHTING:
    UNK
    290
    260
        18
    280
         32
    280
         34
    290
         25
С.
   12000FT
D.
   15 MILES
E.
    PARTLY CLOUDY
   METEORITE HAD PASSED THROUGH THE AREA BUT THIS WAS FOURTH SIGHTING
OF OBJECT
9.
   NONE
10. UNKNOWN
11. OBSERVATIONS IN SAME AREA Ø9/0245Z Ø9/0400Z 10/0235Z 11/0231Z
JOSEPH F PODVOJSKI CAPT
SENIOR CONTROLLER
12. NONE
BT
11/0520Z AUG RJEDFL
```

ENOØØ8.

ENB111 TYD152 BT364EF A134L

MM RJEDEN

DE RBEFAL 38

M 231729Z

FM NAS LAKEHURST

TO COMDR 46Ø2D AISS ENT AFB COLO

NAVY GRNC

BT

YOUR AISOC Ø953 X NO AIRSHIP CROSS COUNT

TERMINATED THIS STATION ON & AUGUST X I

YOUR AISOC Ø953 X NO AIRSHIP CROSS COUNTRY FLIGHTS ORIGINATED OR TERMINATED THIS STATION ON 8 AUGUST X RECOMMEND CONTACT NAF WEEKSVILLE NC AND NAS GLYNCO GA FOR FLIGHTS ORIGINATING THOSE BASES BT. CFN Ø953 8
23/1729Z OCT RBEFAL

095/12 232/34 T ASRZ

Ост 23 09 46 356

NBØ71 TYD1Ø6V

EN0003 BT261EF A065

RR RJEDEN

DE RBEFWA 7
R 231347Z
FM NAS AKRON
TO COMDR 4602D AISS ENT AFB COLO
NAVY GRNC
BT
YOUR 221635Z X NEGATIVE BLIMP TFC THIS STA
BT
CFN 221635Z
23/1446Z OCT RBEFWA

731630A

		15,199	C.		-	_
	SECT	INIT		\CT T0	COPY TO	
1	AISCR				33	
1	AISDC			_		
1	LA2!A		-	_	L	1
1	AISAD				L	1
1	AISPR				1	
_	AISDD		ř		1	
_	AISCP		-	2	1	
	AISOC		× •	1.	1	_
	AISTC	1		1	1	1
	AIS:2	1	,	1	1	
_	AISCN		- trees	1		
_	AISO	,	in the	1		
	AISM	5	14	1		
-	AISUS	,	100		ř	_
-	1/SGT	-	75		25.	
-	· 0 C	ĸ	Ç.à	1		
١	DETS		3	ź.	L	L
-	FLTS	-	1	1	-	
1	FILE	2	< .	Ď.	L	1
1	-		1		1	1
1			-		1	1

DE RJEDEN 003P
R 232202Z
FM COMDR 4602D AISS ENT AFB COLO
TO COMMANDING GENERAL 101AIRBORNE DIVISION AND FORT CAMPBELL
FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY ATTN G2
BT

VUNCLAS/AISOC Ø96Ø PD THIS ORGANIZATION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREMEEEEEE PRELIMINARY IDENTIFICATION OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS WITHIN THE BORDERS OF THE UNITED STATES PD ON Ø9/0225Z AUG 56 AND 11/0238Z AUG 56 CMM TWO UFOBS WERE SIGHTED AT CUNNINGHAM CMM TENNESSEE PAREN 36 31 N 87 22 W PAREN PD INFORMATION RECEIVED HERE INDIATES THAT THE SIGHTINGS COULD HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY A HELICOPTER PARTICIPATING IN A NIGHT OPERATION PD REQUEST ANY INFORMATION YOU CAN PROVIDE WHICH COULD ACCOUNT FOR A HELICOPTER BEING IN THE CUNNINGHAM CMM TENNESSEE AREA AT THE TIME OF THE SIGHTINGS PD IDEEEEEEE IF NO INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE CMM REQUEST YOU REPLY STATING SAME PD BEEEEEEE END

23/2231Z OCT RJEDEN

DE RJEDEN ØØ1P
R 221635Z
FM COMDR 46Ø2D AISS ENT AFB COLO
TO GLYNCO NAS BRUNSWICK GALAKEHURST NAS LAKEHURST NJ
AKRON NAS AKRON OHIO

VUNCLAS/ AISOC 0953 PD THIS ORGANIZATION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREIMINARY IDENTIFICATION OF UNIFENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS SIGHTED WITHIN THE XXX UNITED STATES PD ON 09/0225Z AUG 56 AT CUNNINGHAM CMM TENNESSEE PAREN 36 DEGREES 31 MINUTES NORTH LATITUDE CMM 87 DEGREES 22 MINUTES WEST LONGITUDE PAREN A UFOB WAS SIGHTED PD INFORMATION RECEIVED HERE INDICATES THAT THE SIGHTING COULD POSSIBLY HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY A BLIMP FLYING CROSS COUNTRY PD REQUEST ANY BLIMP FLIGHT PLAN INFORMATION YOU CAN PROVIDE WHICH COULD ACCOUNT FOR A BLIMP BEING IN THE CUNNINGHAM CMM TENN AREA AT HEEEEEE THE TIME OF SIGHTING PD IF NO INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE CMM REQUEST YOU REPLY STATING SAME PD ENSEEEEEEE END BT

WWXQYTIZEEEEEEEEE 22/1658Z OCT RJEDEN

ENO 002
ENC064TYC084BTOQT552
MM RJEDEN
DE BEMB63
M 242106Z
FM NAS GLYNCO
TO COMDDR 4602D AISS ENT AFB
NVAY GRNC
BT
YOUR TELEGRAM OF 22 OCT X NEGATIVE FLIGHT PLANS TO CUNNINGHAM TENM
AREA
BT
CFN 22
24/2115Z OCT RBEMB

25150P5

RGR UR NR ØØ2

ROR UR NO 135

PLEASE CALL ME UP BEFORE TRANSMITTING H

OK I HAVE ONE MORE

DCT 26 09 20'36

ADM

ENCOOZK
ENCOOT TYBWRWBT507BEM 453
VMM RJEDEN
D RBEMB WQQ
M 251832Z
FM NAS GLYNCO
TO COMDR WRYPWD AISS ENT AFB
VBT
YOUR TELEGRAM OF 22 OCT X SUGGEST CHECK WITH NAVAL
XWEEKSVILLE N C X UNOFFICIALLY UNDERSTAND GOODYFAR

VBT
YOUR TELEGRAM OF 22 OCT X SUGGEST CHECK WITH NAVAL AIR SACILITY
XWEEKSVILLE N C X UNOFFICIALLY UNDERSTAND GOODYEAR BLIMP ON
VTRANSCONTINENTAL FLIGHT MIGHT HAVE BEEN IN TENN AREA AROUND DATE IN
XQUESTION X SUGGEST CONFIRM WITH GOODYEAR TIRE AND RUBBER CO INC
VAKRON OHIO
BT

CFN 22 25/1926Z OCT RBEMB AISOP

AISOC

AISFC

AISIR

I AISCM

AISOU

AISMS

AISUP

I/SGT

O CLK

DETS

FLTS

FILE

AISCR

AISDC

AISAJ

AISAD

AISPR

AISDD

TT

ĒΑ

T RGR NO W2

5

SYKES

253

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U. S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

			-
1	. When did you see the object? 10 aug. 1956 Day Month Year	2. Time of day: 8,10 25 Hour Minutes (Circle One): A.M. or P.M.	
3.	Time zone: (Circle One): a. Eastern b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving (Circle One): Standard	~
4	Where were you when you saw the object? C.D.C. Zower.C.G.32 R. Cu Nearest Postal Address Additional remarks:	nnung fram Zenn. Zenn. City or Town State or Country	•
5.	Estimate how long you saw the object. Hours 5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how cert	Minutes Seconds tain you are of your answer to Question 5.	
62 - 42	a. Certain c.	Not very sure Just a guess	
6.	What was the condition of the sky? (Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight c. Bright twilight	d. Just a trace of daylight (e. No trace of daylight) f. Don't remember	2
7.	IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, TWILIGHT, the object? (Circle One): a. In front of you b. In back of you c. To your right	d. To your left e. Overhead f. Don't remember	

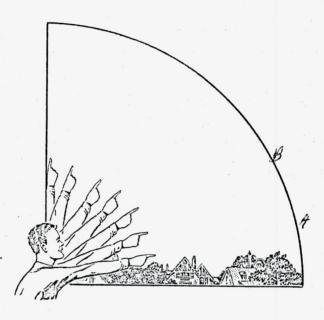
8. IF	you saw the object	at NIGHT, TWIL	GHT, or DAWN, who	t did you notice concer	rning the STARS and MOON?
	8.1 STARS (Circle			3.2 MOON (Circle One	
	a. None	*		a. Bright moon	light
	b. A few	* ;		b. Dull moonlig	
	c. Many			c. No moonligh	it — pitch dark
	d. Don't re	member		d. Don't remem	ber
9. Wa	s the object brighte	r than the backgro	und of the sky?		
	(Circle One):	a. Yes	b. No	c. Don't re	member
10. IF	it was BRIGHTER	THAN the sky bac	kground, was the br	ightness like that of ar	automobile headlight?:
				more away (a distant o	
		2 9 0	b. Several b		
		٠	c. A block a		
1 W	. Paragraph 1 w		d. Several ye		e e e e e
		•	e. Other		
11. Did	the object:	·		(Circle One for ea	ich question)
	. Appear to stand			res) No	Don't Know
	Suddenly speed		•	res (No	Don't Know
	:. Break up into pa I. Give off smoke?	rfs or explode?		Yes No	Don't Know
	. Change brightne	ss?		es No	Don't Know
	Change shape?	8	· Č	(es) No	Don't Know
9	. Flicker, throb, o	r pulsate?		res (No)	Don't Know
		hind something at	anytime, particularl	y a cloud?	
	Circle One): t moved behind:	Yes (No)	Don't Know.	IF you answ	ered YES, then tell what
	moved bening:		:		
10 5:	.1 1.				***************************************
13. Did	the object move in	front of something	at anytime, particu	larly a cloud?	
	Circle One):	Yes (No)	Don't Know.	IF you answ	ered YES, than tell what
1	moved in front of:		 		
-					
14. Did	the object appear:	(Circle One):	a. Solid?	b. Transparent?	c. Don't Know.
15. Did	you observe the obj	ect through any o	f the following?		
	. Eyeglasses	Yes (oculars (Yes	§ (No
	. Sun glasses . Windshield	Yes (lescope Yes	s (No
q c	. Window glass	Yes (No g. Ih No h. Otl	eodolite Yes	s (N6
	3.442	,	011	(

16. Tell in a few words th	ne following things about the ob	ject.	
a. Sound	Sound because	- of distar	rel
Las Rad Cha	wing to Radian	ib with to	to quelo
moving	enging to Red wit	n many con	Ma Moda
	ill show the shape of the object	or objects. Label and incl	ude in your sketch any details
of the object that you	saw such as wings, protrusions	, etc., and especially exhau	est trails or vapor trails. Place
an arrow beside the dr	rawing to show the direction the	object was moving.	
	No.	n	ydellenus
2	E. Walletter	iu,	rith with
	***	K	while
		K	Money
			-ON.E.
	A D		Solie
	•		Red fen
			Stople
	in the		* . 8
in the second second			
18. The edges of the object	ct were:		
18. The edges of the object (Circle One): a.		e. Other	
(Circle One): a. b.	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star	e. Other	
(Circle One): a. b. C.	Fuzzy or blurred	e. Other	
(Circle One): a. b. c. d.	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember		A-10
(Circle One): a. b. c. d.	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. c. d.	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?arrow to show the direction	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there? Anly arrow to show the direction	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. c. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?y arrow to show the direction	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. c. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there? Anly arrow to show the direction	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?y arrow to show the direction	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. G. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. C. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?	that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. b. G. d. 19. IF there was MORE The Draw a picture of how	Fuzzy or blurred Like a bright star Sharply outlined Don't remember HAN ONE object, then how man they were arranged, and put an	y were there?	that they were traveling.

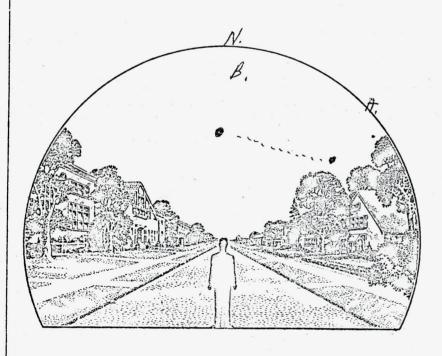
20	 Draw a picture that v of the path, a "B" at 	vill show the motion that the o the end of the path, and show	bject or objects made. Place an "A' any changes in direction during the d	at the beginning course.
		N. disaff	laned	
			\$76H	affense
21.			I size of the object was in its longer	
22.	. How large did the obj and at about arm's le	ect or objects appear as compa	red with one of the following object:	
	(Circle One):	 a. Head of a pin b. Pea c. Dime d. Nickel e. Quarter f. Half dollar 	g. Silver dollar (h. Basebali) i. Grapefruit j. Basketball k. Other Changet	to size of Plate
2	2.1 (Circle One of the	following to indicate how certa a. Certain b. Fairly certain	in you are of your answer to Question c. Not very sure d. Uncertain	on 22.
23.		objects disappear from view?		rut.
24.	construct the object that would it have? Describe	you saw. Of what type material v e in your own words a common obje	f what you saw, we would like for you to would you make it? How large would it is not or objects which when placed up in the world with the world when the world with the w	be, and what shape he sky would give the
	course your.	and the second		

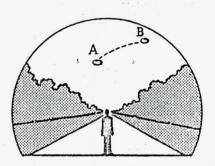
25. Where were you located when you saw the object?	
(Circle One):	26. Were you (Circle One)
	a. In the business section of a city?
a. Inside a building b. In a car C. Outdoors C. O. C. Free d. In an airplan	b. In the residential section of a city?
b. In a car	C. In open countryside?
(c. Outdoors) L.O.C.	d. Flying near an airfield?
d. in directione	e. Flying over a city?
e. At sea	f. Flying over open country?
f. Other	g. Other
	g. Office
27. What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and	
and the time you saw the object, and	now did you happen to notice it?
- was on the Tarren la	Math.
in A	towning for the
object as it had ayy	seared before-
•	
00 15	
28. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other vehice	cle at the time, then complete the following questions
	the following questions
28.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)	
a. North c. East	G
b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South g. West
d. Southeast	f. Southwest h. Northwest
28.2 How fast were you moving?	
yes moving,	miles per hour.
28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking o	a4 4b - a1: - 12
(C: 1.0.)	at the object?
(Circle One) Yes No	
29. What direction were you looking when you first saw the ob	bject? (Circle One)
a. North c. East	e. South g. West
(b. Northeast) d. Southeast	f. Southwest h. Northwest
	III HOIIIIMESI
30. What direction were you looking when you looking when you looking when you looking when you look in a looking when you look in a looking when you look in a look i	1.0.40.10.1
30. What direction were you looking when you last saw the ob	ject? (Circle One)
a. North c. East	e. South g. West
a. North c. East b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North c. East b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwer	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwer also the number of degrees it was up	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwa 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwer also the number of degrees it was up	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwer as a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon degrees.	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upwa 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upward 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upward 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon degrees. 31.2 When it disappeared: a. From true North degrees.	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast 31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), t from true North and also the number of degrees it was upward 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon degrees. 31.2 When it disappeared:	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest

32. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it.



33. In the following larger sketch place an "A" at the position the object was when you first saw it, and a "B" at its position when you last saw it. Refer to smaller sketch as an example of how to complete the larger sketch.



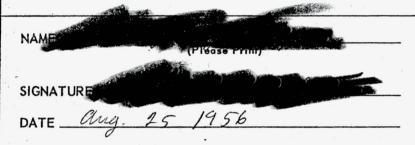


34. What were the weather conditions at the time you saw	.1
	the object?
34.1 CLOUDS (Circle One)	34.2 WIND (Circle One)
a. Clear sky	(a. No wind)
b. Hazy	b. Slight breeze
c. Scattered clouds	c. Strong wind
d. Thick or heavy clouds	d. Don't remember
e. Don't remember	
34.3 WEATHER (Circle One)	OAA TEMPERATURE (C. A.
g. Dry	34.4 TEMPERATURE (Circle One)
b. Fog, mist, or light rain	a. Cold
c. Moderate or heavy rain	b. Cool
d. Snow	C. Warm
e. Don't remember	d. Hot e. Don't remember
	e. Don fremember
35. When did you report to some official that you had seen	the object?
. 3	
Day Month Year	- ' } ' ' ' ' ' '
36. Was anyone else with you at the time you saw the obje	ct?
(Circle One) Yes	
36.1 IF you answered YES, did they see the object to	o?
(Circle One)	
36.2 Please list their names and addresses:	
	a and a few males for the second
27 W 11 1 C	
37. Was this the first time that you had seen an object or o	bjects like this?
(Circle One) (Yes)	2.0
37.1 IF you answered NO, then when, where, and under	what aircumataness did
or the management which, where, and onder	wild circumstances aid you see other ones?
38. In your opinion what do you think the object was and wh	nat might have caused it?
have no feder	
man na gala	
and the second of the second o	1 2 2

39. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the o	bject?		
(Circle One) Yes No	,		
IF you answered YES, then what speed would you	u estimate?	m.p	.h.
40. Do you think you can estimate how far away from	you the object was?		
(Circle One) (Yes) No			
IF you answered YES, then how far away would y	you say it was? / 10	miles soci.	
41. Please give the following information about yours	self:		
NAMEast Name	Firs Nome	Midar	and the second second
10.	J r		Ma a
ADDRESS Curning ham Street	City	Zone	State
TELEPHONE NUMBER			
What is your present job?	<i>†</i>		
111			
Age 14 Sex M.			
	that you have had		
Please indicate any special educational training			
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school	e. e. Technical school		
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year
Please indicate any special educational training a. Grade school b. High school c. College d. Post graduate	e.e. Technical school _ (Type)		1956 Year

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET (SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnaire, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.



(Do Not Write in This Space)
CODE:

I began standing 8.0. C Duty at about 7:50, and eval especially watching for the object as it had previously been seen from our tower. At 8:25 P. M. I first some the object in the north last, let was moving west and slowly represent at this time it was white with Red incle around it, after watching it for about 3 minutes it stopped, while stationary it was hight red, and about the size of a base ball. It stayed estationary for about 8 minutes then moved agin to the west for about 4 minutes then suddenly dissippeared. At this time I called mr. Anny who was at one of his reighbrough lower. When he reached the town I told him what I had seen and he reported It to the Filter lenter in Mashwilles.

UFO OBSERVERS INSTRUCTION SHEET (Sky Diagram)

1. GENERAL:

- a. The diagram represents all of the sky normally visible to the observer, who is pictured standing under the center of the "dome" of the sky. It is designed to show a three-dimensional view of the area centered around the observer at the time of the UFC sighting.
- b. The position of any object in the sky can be described by giving its elevation, or angle upward from the horizon, and its bearing or angle along the horizon, eastward from north.

(1) <u>Illustrations</u>:

- (a) Elevation is 0 degrees for an object on the horizon, and 90 degrees for the point directly over the observer (zenith). Thus, an object half-way up from the horizon to the zenith has an elevation of 45 degrees.
- (b) Bearing (or "azimuth") is the angle along the horizon, starting from north and moving clockwise eastward. Thus, an object directly toward the east, no matter what its elevation is above the horizon, has a bearing of 90 degrees, an object in the south has a bearing of 180 degrees; toward the west, 270 degrees and so on. North is, of course, zero.

EXAMPLE: An object is seen in the northeast and one-third way up from horizon to overhead. Thus, the object has a bearing of 45 degrees, and elevation of 30 degrees. Similarly, an object having a bearing of 180 degrees and an elevation of 60 degrees would be seen directly south and two-thirds of the way up from the horizon.

2. PLOTTING THE COURSE OF AN OBJECT ON THE SKY DIAGRAM:

- a. The path of an object across the sky can be shown completely on this diagram simply by connecting with a curved or straight line the various positions the object successively occupies (see example sheet). To aid visualization, the path on the western side of the sky is represented by broken lines; the eastern side in solid lines. Direction of the object is indicated by arrows. The duration of the sighting can be shown by indicating the time at the position, where the object was first and last observed. Where possible, the time at various intermediate positions occupied by the object should also be shown.
- b. The diagram can be made a more effective investigative and analytical tool by making the lines (showing the path of the object) thicker or thinner to indicate any varying brightness of the object observed. This is especially valuable when the object appeared only as a moving light at night. Thus, if a light becomes brighter and then gradually fades, it can be represented by a line becoming increasingly thicker and then gradually thinning out to nothing.
- c. Use of colored pencils is especially recommended if the object changes color or hue during the sighting.

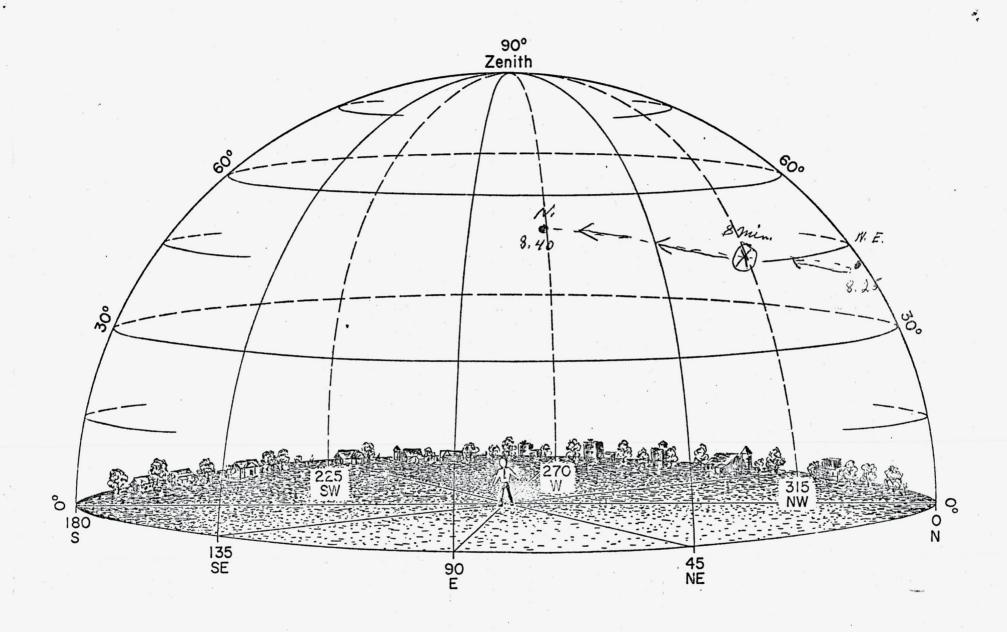
ATIC FORM 164a (25 July 56)

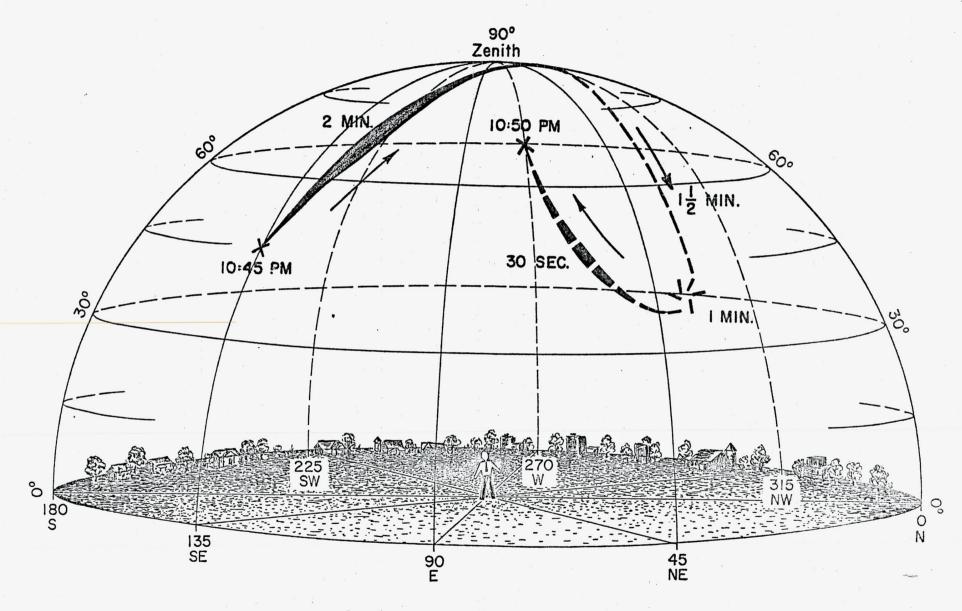
3. EXAMPLE OF DIAGRAM USE:

- a. Verbal Description of Example Sighting: Object was first sighted in the southeast, about half-way up from the horizon to overhead, at 10:45 FM local time. Its shape or outline was hazy, but appeared round and about the size of a pea (at arm's length) from where observed. It was dim at first but brightened considerably as it got higher in the sky. Its color at this point was bluish white. After about two minutes it crossed to the western part of the sky a little to the north of overhead (zenith) and continued its flight toward the west. At this point its color appeared yellowish white. The light went dim when it got two-thirds of the way to the horizon. It then stopped and hovered for about one minute and then climbed rapidly, going toward the southwest and getting brighter. In less than thirty seconds, it had climbed to an elevation of approximately 60 degrees, and then the light went out abruptly.
- b. Pictorial Description of the Sighting: By referring to the example sheet, notice how simply the above sighting can be portrayed and described, without words, on the example diagram attached here. Note the starting point at bearing 135 degrees (southeast) and elevation 45 degrees (half-way up from the horizon) at 10:45 FM (military time, 2245), and the arrow marking direction of flight. Note also the varying thickness of the line to denote changes in brightness, and the use of the dotted line to indicate its path in the western part of the sky. The "time indications" along the path 2 minutes to get to the meridian (the north-south overhead line), the hovering for 1 minute, and the ascent in 30 seconds to its complete disappearance, are all shown with a few lines. Thus, the entire sighting can be represented easily on one diagram.

4. FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION:

- a. Relatively complex trajectories can easily be shown on a diagram of this type. A number of objects sighted can also be indicated, as can any changing formation. The apparent size and shape of the object should be drawn in, preferably by the observer. In the case of an object changing shape or color, this likewise can be drawn in. As previously pointed out, the use of colored pencils to indicate change of color is very desirable.
- b. The landscaping in the sky diagram is placed there to help visualization. If any prominent landmarks such as known mountains, buildings, water towers, or specific installations, trees, etc., are part of the sighting area, they should be incorporated into the drawing. These landmarks may later prove to be invaluable as location, plotting or reference points.
- c. If you are familiar with the constellations or other heavenly bodies, indicate if possible, the relationship (and movements) of the object with respect to these bodies. This can be sketched on either page 6, item 33 or pages 9-10 of "Summary Data" sheet. Typical examples that can be easily illustrated: "...The object seemed to pass very slowly between the two bottom stars on the handle of the Big Dipper, which was in a vertical position, with the handle pointing down," or "...Object was about the size of a tennis ball -- and remained slightly below and about 15 degrees to the left of the moon."





(EXAMPLE SHEET)

AVERY 253

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U. S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object?	2. Time of day: 8'60 £5
Day Month J Year	(Circle One): A.M. or P.M.
3. Time zone: (Circle One): a. Eastern b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving b. Standard
4. Where were you when you saw the object?	Language & Ferry
Nearest Postal Address Additional remarks:	City or Town State or Country
5. Estimate how long you saw the object. Hours	Minutes Seconds
	Not very sure Just a guess
6. What was the condition of the sky?	
(Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight c. Bright twilight	d. Just a trace of daylight e. No trace of daylight f. Don't remember
7. IF you saw the object during DAYLEGHT, TWILIGHT the object?	, or DAWN, where was the SUN located as you looked at
(Circle One): a. In front of you b. In back of you c. To your right	d. To your left e. Overhead f. Don't remember

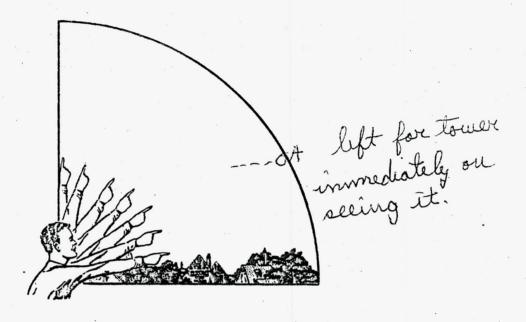
8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, TWILIGHT	T, or DAWN, what did you notice concerning the STARS and MOON?
8.1 STARS (Circle One):	8.2 MOON (Circle One):
a. None	a. Bright moonlight
b. A faw	b. Dull moonlight
c. Many	c. No moonlight — pitch dark
d. Don't remember	d. Don't remember
9. Was the object brighter than the background	of the sky?
(Circle One): a. Yes	b. No c. Don't remember
10. IF it was BRIGHTER THAN the sky backgro	ound, was the brightness like that of an automobile headlight?:
(Circle One	e) (a. A mile or more away (a distant car)?) yes but red
	b. Several blocks away?
	c. A block away?
	d. Several yards away?
	e. Other
11. Did the object:	(Circle One for each question)
 a. Appear to stand still at any time? b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any c. Break up into parts or explode? d. Give off smoke? e. Change brightness? f. Change shape? g. Flicker, throb, or pulsate? 	ny time? Yes No Don't Know
12. Did the object move behind something at any	time, particularly a cloud?
(Circle One): Yes No	Don't Know. IF you answered YES, then tell what
it moved behind: when	Observer on tower Called me and
I went out took a dos	ahand went on torrer.
13. Did the object move in front of something at a	anytime, particularly a cloud?
(Circle One): Yes No	Don't Know. IF you answered YES, than tell what
it moved in front of:	5
14. Did the object appear: (Circle One):	a. Solid? b. Transparent? (c. Don't Know.)
15. Did you observe the object through any of the	following?
a. Eyeglasses Yes No	e. Binoculars Yes No
b. Sun glasses Yes No c. Windshield Yes No	f. Telescope g. Theodolite j Yes No
d. Window glass Yes No	h. Other naked eye.
	₩ .

	Page 3
16. Tell in a few words the following things about the object.	
a. Sound hours	
b. Color Red	
17. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especia an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving	Ily exhaust trails or vapor trails. Place
Bright Bright	
18. The edges of the object were:	
18. The edges of the object were: (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember	
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember	uly /
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the design of the start of the show the design of the start of	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the design.	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the design.	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the design of the control of the	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the description.	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the content of the	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the content of the con	lirection that they were traveling.
(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember 19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the content of the	lirection that they were traveling.

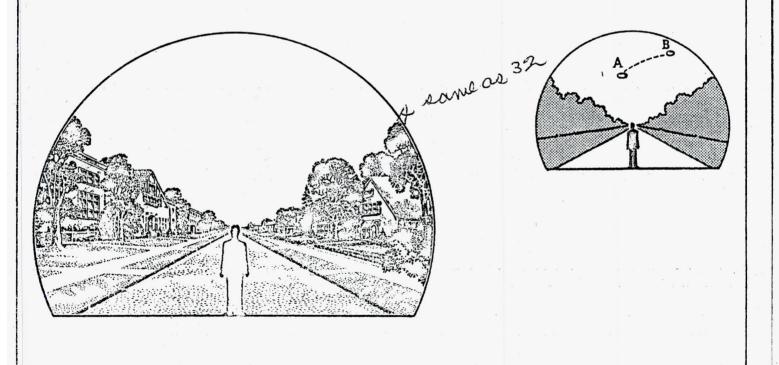
20.	Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.
	3600 ft. 3000 ft
21.	IF POSSIBLE, try to guess or estimate what the real size of the object was in its longest dimension. feet. only light.
22.	How large did the object or objects appear as compared with one of the following objects held in the hand and at about arm's length?
	(Circle One): a. Head of a pin b. Pea c. Dime d. Nickel e. Quarter f. Half dollar
22	2.1 (Circle One of the following to indicate how certain you are of your answer to Question 22. a. Certain b. Fairly certain d. Uncertain
23.	How did the object or objects disappear from view? I get in ear and left it. When of get to tower it was gone.
24.	In order that you can give as clear a picture as possible of what you saw, we would like for you to imagine that you could construct the object that you saw. Of what type material would you make it? How large would it be, and what shape would it have? Describe in your own words a common object or objects which when placed up in the sky would give the same appearance as the object which you saw. Same thing as absurded build. Night ang. 8, 1956
	clout know what it was.

Where were you located when you saw the object?	26. Were you (Circle One)
a. Inside a building b. In a car c. Outdoors d. In an airplane e. At sea f. Other	a. In the business section of a city? b. In the residential section of a city? c. In open countryside? d. Flying near an airfield? e. Flying over a city? f. Flying over open country? g. Other
What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and Lanking far it, as absert	how did you happen to notice it?
IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other vehi	cle at the time, then complete the following questions:
28.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)	
a. North c. East b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
28.2 How fast were you moving?	miles per hour.
28,3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking (Circle One) Yes No	
What direction were you looking when you first saw the o	bject? (Circle One)
a. North b. Northeast c. East d. Southeast	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
What direction were you looking when you last saw the o	bject? (Circle One)
a. North b. Northeast d. Southeast	e. South g. West f. Southwest h. Northwest
If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), from true North and also the number of degrees it was up	
31.1 When it first appeared:	Did not watch low
a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon degreesQ	clid not wotch long mough to establish location, as I left to go to Goc tower.
31.2 When it disappeared:	location, as I left to
a. From true North degrees. (b. From horizon degrees.	to GOC tower.
	a. Inside a building b. In a car c. Outdoors d. In an airplane e. At sea f. Other What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and Lanking far it as alway To cover for the form of the first opening of the first opening 18.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One) a. North b. Northeast c. East b. Northeast 28.2 How fast were you moving? 28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking (Circle One) What direction were you looking when you first saw the can be northeast a. North c. East b. Northeast d. Southeast What direction were you looking when you last saw the can be northeast What direction were you looking when you last saw the can be northeast If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), from true North and also the number of degrees it was up 31.1 When it first appeared: a. From true North degrees. b. From horizon degrees. 31.2 When it disappeared: a. From true North degrees.

32. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it.



33. In the following larger sketch place an "A" at the position the object was when you first saw it, and a "B" at its position when you last saw it. Refer to smaller sketch as an example of how to complete the larger sketch.



34. W	nat were the weather conditions at the tim	2 you saw the alti- 12		
•	a. Clear sky b. Hazy c. Scattered clouds d. Thick or heavy clouds e. Don't remember	34.2 WIND a. No b. Sli c. Str	(Circle One) wind ght breeze ong wind n't remember	
34.	a. Dry b. Fog, mist, or light rain c. Moderate or heavy rain d. Snow e. Don't remember	a. Col b. Coc c. War d. Hot	ol m	ne)
35. Whe	en did you report to some official that you 10	had seen the object? 756 Reported	Fictor Can	tu 8:40 P.N
36.	(Circle One) Yes No 1 IF you answered YES, did they see the (Circle One) Yes No 2 Please list their names and addresses:	object too?		
	(Circle One) Yes No IF you answered NO, then when, where,			er ones?
38. In yo	our opinion what do you think the object w		iused it?	

39.	Do you think you can estimate the speed of the object?	
	(Circle One) Yes No	
	IF you answered YES, then what speed would you estimate?	m,p.h.
40.	Do you think you can estimate how far away from you the object was	?
	(Circle One) Yes No	
-	IF you answered YES, then how far away would you say it was?	feet.
41.	Please give the following information about yourself:	
	NAME	Miloule Name
	T Name	miadie Name
	ADDRESS Street Cimu	ushan Zone State
	TELEPHONE NUMBER	
	What is your present job? fullia School P-Age 43 Sex M	unicipal
	Age <u>43</u> Sex <u>M</u>	GOC Supernier
		•
	Please indicate any special educational training that you have had.	
		school Radio Knots. School) St. Louis Unix.
	b. High school (Type c. College f. Other speci	ial training Radia Fundamental
		- Our Force WWIF
William William W.	•	
42.	Date you completed this questionnaire:	aug. 19.56
	Day	monney . ear
	and the second of the second o	
		e e

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET (SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnairs, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.

SIGNATURE

DATE Quy. 24, 1956

(Do Not Write in This Space)
CODE:

Friday night about 7:50 il lift tower with observer and went to a neighbor about Ralf mile away. about 8:30 he called me to come to tower at ance as he had spotted the UFO and didn't know what to do.

I immediately went out in The gard and saw light wantly as described on 8-8-56. about 15- seconds later if went to my car and come to tower, CG 32 R, I said the light went out as if pulled into the drieway. He said he watched it about 15 minutes before calling me.

This same object was reported as being seen by about 9:30. She called me by phone but the observer had not seen some and it could not spat it. She called

again at 9:50 to see if I had spatted it and saying it had disappeared.

UFO OBSERVERS INSTRUCTION SHEET (Sky Diagram)

1. GENERAL:

- a. The diagram represents all of the sky normally visible to the observer, who is pictured standing under the center of the "dome" of the sky. It is designed to show a three-dimensional view of the area centered around the observer at the time of the UFC sighting.
- b. The position of any object in the sky can be described by giving its elevation, or angle upward from the horizon, and its bearing or angle along the horizon, eastward from north.

(1) Illustrations:

- (a) Elevation is 0 degrees for an object on the horizon, and 90 degrees for the point directly over the observer (zenith). Thus, an object half-way up from the horizon to the zenith has an elevation of 45 degrees.
- (b) Bearing (or "azimuth") is the angle along the horizon, starting from north and moving clockwise eastward. Thus, an object directly toward the east, no matter what its elevation is above the horizon, has a bearing of 90 degrees, an object in the south has a bearing of 180 degrees; toward the west, 270 degrees and so on. North is, of course, zero.

EXAMPLE: An object is seen in the northeast and one-third way up from horizon to overhead. Thus, the object has a bearing of 45 degrees, and elevation of 30 degrees. Similarly, an object having a bearing of 180 degrees and an elevation of 60 degrees would be seen directly south and two-thirds of the way up from the horizon.

2. PLOTTING THE COURSE OF AN OBJECT ON THE SKY DIAGRAM:

- a. The path of an object across the sky can be shown completely on this diagram simply by connecting with a curved or straight line the various positions the object successively occupies (see example sheet). To aid visualization, the path on the western side of the sky is represented by broken lines; the eastern side in solid lines. Direction of the object is indicated by arrows. The duration of the sighting can be shown by indicating the time at the position, where the object was <u>first</u> and <u>last</u> observed. Where possible, the time at various intermediate positions occupied by the object should also be shown.
- b. The diagram can be made a more effective investigative and analytical tool by making the lines (showing the path of the object) thicker or thinner to indicate any varying brightness of the object observed. This is especially valuable when the object appeared only as a moving light at night. Thus, if a light becomes brighter and then gradually fades, it can be represented by a line becoming increasingly thicker and then gradually thinning out to nothing.
- c. Use of colored pencils is especially recommended if the object changes color or hue during the sighting.

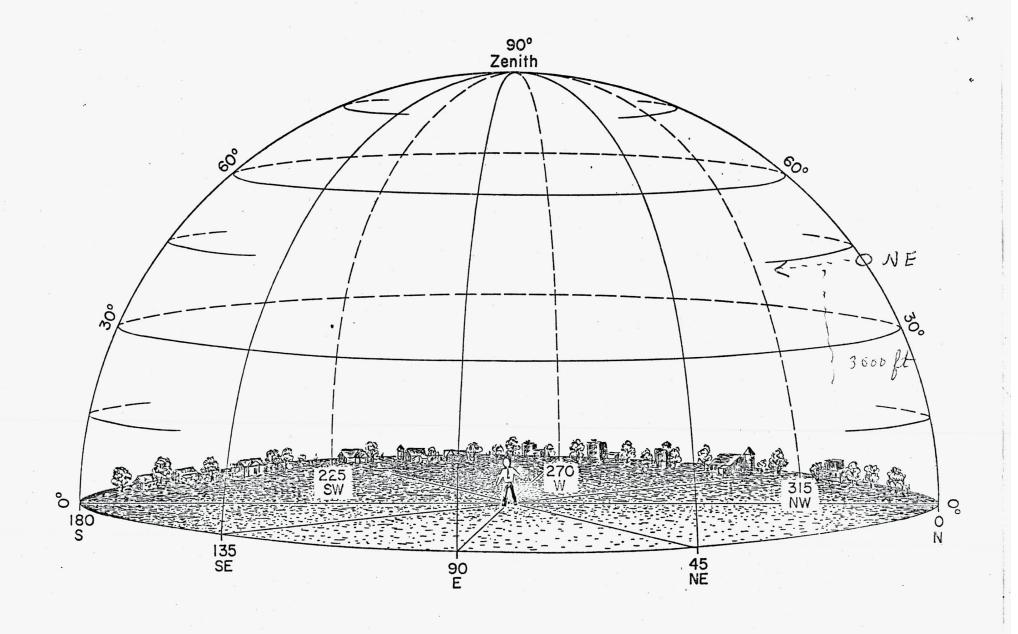
ATIC FORM 164a (25 July 56)

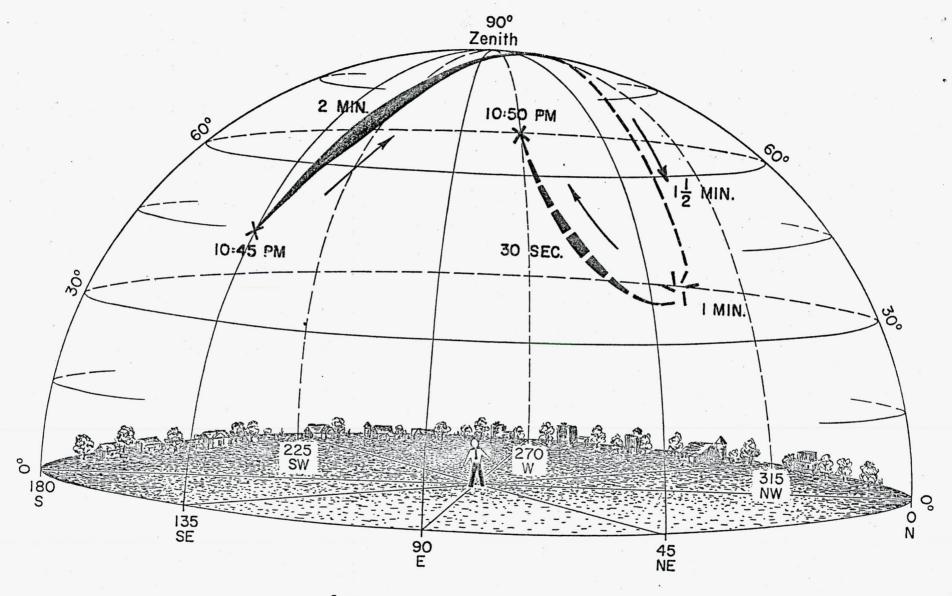
3. EXAMPLE OF DIAGRAM USE:

- a. Verbal Description of Example Sighting: Object was first sighted in the southeast, about half-way up from the horizon to overhead, at 10:45 FM local time. Its shape or outline was hazy, but appeared round and about the size of a pea (at arm's length) from where observed. It was dim at first but brightened considerably as it got higher in the sky. Its color at this point was bluish white. After about two minutes it crossed to the western part of the sky a little to the north of overhead (zenith) and continued its flight toward the west. At this point its color appeared yellowish white. The light went dim when it got two-thirds of the way to the horizon. It then stopped and hovered for about one minute and then climbed rapidly, going toward the southwest and getting brighter. In less than thirty seconds, it had climbed to an elevation of approximately 60 degrees, and then the light went out abruptly.
- b. Pictorial Description of the Sighting: By referring to the example sheet, notice how simply the above sighting can be portrayed and described, without words, on the example diagram attached here. Note the starting point at bearing 135 degrees (southeast) and elevation 45 degrees (half-way up from the horizon) at 10:45 FM (military time, 2245), and the arrow marking direction of flight. Note also the varying thickness of the line to denote changes in brightness, and the use of the dotted line to indicate its path in the western part of the sky. The "time indications" along the path 2 minutes to get to the meridian (the north-south overhead line), the hovering for 1 minute, and the ascent in 30 seconds to its complete disappearance, are all shown with a few lines. Thus, the entire sighting can be represented easily on one diagram.

4. FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION:

- a. Relatively complex trajectories can easily be shown on a diagram of this type. A number of objects sighted can also be indicated, as can any changing formation. The apparent size and shape of the object should be drawn in, preferably by the observer. In the case of an object changing shape or color, this likewise can be drawn in. As previously pointed out, the use of colored pencils to indicate change of color is very desirable.
- b. The landscaping in the sky diagram is placed there to help visualization. If any prominent landmarks such as known mountains, buildings, water towers, or specific installations, trees, etc., are part of the sighting area, they should be incorporated into the drawing. These landmarks may later prove to be invaluable as location, plotting or reference points.
- c. If you are familiar with the constellations or other heavenly bodies, indicate if possible, the relationship (and movements) of the object with respect to these bodies. This can be sketched on either page 6, item 33 or pages 9-10 of "Summary Data" sheet. Typical exemples that can be easily illustrated: "...The object seemed to pass very slowly between the two bottom stars on the handle of the Big Dipper, which was in a vertical position, with the handle pointing down," or "...Object was about the size of a tennis ball -- and remained slightly below and about 15 degrees to the left of the moon."





(EXAMPLE SHEET)

INCT.

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in) (CLASSIFICATION) COUNTRY OF ORIGIN REPORT NO. (Leave blank) USA AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT AREA REPORT CONCERNS Report of Unidentified Flying Object DATE OF REPORT AGENCY OF ORIGIN Det #6, 4717th Ground Observer Squadron, 226-7th Avenue North, Nashville, Tennessee source of Information 13 Aug 56 DATE OF INFORMATION Observer Post Supervisor CG32R, Cunningham, Tennessee 8, 9, 10 Aug 56 PREPARING OFFICER

Eugene Fisher, Jr., 1/Lt., USAF
REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report, etc., as applicable)

AFR 200-2

UFOB

SUMMARY (Enter concise summary of report. Give significance in final one-sentence paragraph. List inclosures at lower left. Begin lext of report on AF Form 112a.)

A UFOB report was made by Mr. Post Supervisor of CG3824 Red, Cunningham, Tennessee on 9, 10, and 11 August 1956.

The object was reported as being red when still or hovering and yellow when moving.

The size varied; when still it appeared the size of a softball and the size of a dinner plate when moving.

Sound of the object was similar to that of a helicopted, but not like that of an airplane engine.

Sound could only be heard when object was moving and stopped when object stopped.

One report relayed to ADDC (TWIG) AlC J. DEEMS told the Filter Center instructor to forget about the report since radar had nothing in that area.

> EUGENE FISHER, JR 1/Lt., USAF

Operations Officer

Photograph W/D + Sutto ATIC

DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

Headquarters ADC

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S. C., Section 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.

CLASSIFICATION

REPLACES AF FORM 112-PART I. 1 JUN 48, WHICH MAY BE USED. AF 1 FORM 112

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in)

Capt USAF

16-55569-3 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

益

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in)

SUPP	LEMENT TO AF FORM 112				-	
ORIGINATING AGENCY	REPORT NO.					-
Det #6, 4717th Ground Observer Squadron, Nashville, Tennessee	2	PAGE	1	OF	2	PAGES

The following UFOB report is submitted in accordance with AFR 200-2, dated 12 August 1956:

(1) Description of the object:

(a) Shape: Round (b) Size: Approximately that of a dinner plate.

Color: Bright red and yellow. (c)

Number: One (1). (d) Formation: N/A. (e)

Any discernible features or details: Object was bright red when (f)

still and yellow when moving.

(g) Tail, trail, or exhaust, including size of same compared to size of object: Object when moving had a yellow glow and appeared in size to a dinner plate. When still was red and about the size of a softball.

(h) Sound: Resembled that of a helicopter, but unlike an ordinary aircraft engine. Sound was heard only when object was moving.

Other pertinent or unusual features: Negative.

(2) Description of course of object:

What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object: (a) It's unusually bright appearance.

Angle of elevation and azimuth of object when first observed: Approximately 20 degree elevation and 015 degree azimuth.

(c) Angle of elevation and azimuth of object upon dissappearance: Approximately 20 degrees elevation and 00 degrees azimuth.

(d) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object: Object appeared at approximately 3,000 feet and approximately ten (10) miles distance at a bearing of approximately 15 degrees. The object moved to 00 degrees in approximately ten (10) minutes moving slowly when moving and stopping very often or hovering.

Manner of dissappearance of object: Light of object vanished.

(f) Length of time in sight: Ten (10) minutes.

(3) Manner of observation:

(a) Ground-visual (observer tower twenty (20) feet high).

(b) 1050 binoculars.

(c) N/A.

(4) Time and date of sighting: *

(a) 0215Z, 11 Aug 56.

(b) Night.

5) Location of observer: CG 4224

•	//				
(6) Identifying information	on of all	observers:		
	NAME	DATE	AGE	ADDRESS	
	Mrs.	8Aug56	31	Clarksville,	Tenn.
	Toyon Joyan	TI .	11	tt .	11
		11	13	n	tt
		11	32	11	11
		11	13	Cunningham,	Tenn.
		11	43	11	11
	Mrs.	11	50		11
	ther	0			
	observers (names unava	il) 9Aug5	6 15	Clarksville	Tenn

10Aug56 15 Cunningham, Tenn

No military

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S. C., Sections 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.

UNCL

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in)

SUPPL	LEMENT TO AF FORM 112					
ORIGINATING AGENCY Det #6, 4717th Ground Observer Squadron, Nashville, Tennessee	REPORT NO.	PAGE	. 2	OF	2	PAGES

- Weather and winds-aloft conditions at time of sightings:
 - (a)Clear.
 - Surface five (5) to ten(te) knots. 6,000 9-270° (b) 10,000 18-260° 16,000 32-288°
 - 20,000 34-280° 30,000 25-290° Ceiling: 12,000.
 - (c)
 - (d) Visibility: Fifteen (15) miles.
 - (e) (f) N/A. N/A. Amount of cloud cover: Partly cloudy.
- N/A.
- N/A.

EUGENE FISHER, JE

1/Lt., USAF Operations Officer

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S.C., Sections 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.

y Copel USOF

UNCL

(CLASSIFICATION) (S	ECURITY INFORMATION	when filled in)	
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	REPORT NO.		(Leave blank)
USA	2		
AIR INTELLIGENCE INF	ORMATION REPORT	Townspirite be	
AREA REPORT CONCERNS		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Report of Unidentified Plyi	ng Object		_
AGENCY OF ORIGIN Det 6, 4717th Cr	DATE OF RE	PORT	
Observer Squadron, 226-7th	Lyenne	- Grand	
North, Mashville, Tennessee	13 A	ug 56	
SOURCE OF INFORMATION	DATE OF INF	ORMATION	
Observer Post Supervisor CG		8	
Cumningham, Termessee	8, 9,	10 Aug 56	_
PREPARING OFFICER	EVALUATION		
Rugene Fisher, Jr., 1/Lt.,	ISAF		
REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report,			
100 000 0			

SUBJECT

UPOB

SUMMARY (Enter concise summary of report. Give significance in final one-sentence paragraph. List inclosures at lower left. Begin text of report on AF Form 112a.)

A UFOB report was made by Mr. Fost Supervisor of CO3824 Red, Cunningham, Tennessee on 9, 10, and 11 August 1956.

The object was reported as being red when still or hovering and yellow when moving.

The size varied; when still it appeared the size of a softbell and the size of a diamer plate when moving.

Sound of the object was similar to that of a helicopted, but not like that of an airplane engine.

Sound could only be heard when object was moving and stopped when object stopped.

One report relayed to ADDC (THIG) ALC J. DEEMS told the Filter Center instructor to forget about the report since radar had nothing in that area.

> EUGENE PISHER, JR 1/Lt., USAF Operations Officer

_ INCLS. Photograph

DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

Headquarters ADC

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U. S. C., Section 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law, It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.

GLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in)

SUPPL	LEMENT TO AF FORM 112				
ORIGINATING AGENCY	REPORT NO.		 		
Det #6, 4717th Ground Observer	2	PAGE	 OF	2	PAGES

The following UFOB report is submitted in accordance with AFR 200-2, dated 12 August 1956;

(1) Description of the object:

- a) Shape: Round b) Size: Approximately that of a dinner plate. (b)
- (c) Color: Bright red and yellow.

(d) Mamber: One (1).

(e) Pormation: N/A.
(f) Any discernible features or details: Object was bright red when still and yellow when moving.

(g) Tail, trail, or exhaust, including size of same compared to size of object: Object when moving had a yellow glow and appeared in size to a dinner plate. When still was red and about the size of a softball.

(h) Sound: Resembled that of a helicopter, but unlike an ordinary eircraft engine. Sound was heard only when object was moving. Other pertinent or unusual features: Negative.

(2) Description of course of object:

What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object: It's unusually bright appearance.

(b) Angla of elevation and azimuth of object when first observed: Approximately 20 degree elevation and 015 degree azimuth.

(c) Angle of elevation and azimuth of object upon dissappearance: Approximately 20 degrees elevation and CO degrees azimuth.

(d) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object: Object appeared at approximately 3,000 feet and approximately ten (10) miles distance at a bearing of approximately 15 degrees. The object moved to CO degrees in approximately ten (10) minutes moving alowly when moving and stopping very often or hovering.

Marmer of dissappearance of object: Light of object vanished.

(2) Langth of time in sight: Ten (10) minutes.

(3) Manner of observation:

(a) Ground-visual (observer tower twenty (20) feet high).

(b) 1050 binoculars.

- (c) H/A.
- (4) Time and date of sighting:

(e) 0215Z, 11 Aug 56. (b) Might.

(5) Location of observer: CG 4224

(0) luentifying informatio	m of all	opseraers:		
WAME	DATE	AGE	ADDRESS	
133.	8Aug56	31	Clarksville,	Tenn.
	t)	11	19	18
	12	13	22	22
	19	32	Ħ	20
	28	13	Cumningham,	Tenn.
	10	43	9	14
	58	50	18	19
and other				
observers names unava	dl) 9Aug	6 15	Clarksville,	Tenn
	10Aug56	15	Cunningham,	Tenn

No military

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S.C., Sections 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.

Jet seetrics Tion

(SECURITY INFORMATION when filled in)

Ort #6, 4717th Ground Observer Squadrom, Nashville, Tennessee (7) Weather and winds-aloft conditions at time of mightings: (a) Clear. (b) Surface five (5) to ten (10) knots. 6,000 9-270° 10,000 18-260° 16,000 32-288° 20,000 25-290° (c) Ceiling: 12,000. (d) Visibility: Fifteen (15) miles. (e) Amount of cloud cover: Fartly cloudy. (f) N/A.	PLEMENT TO AF FORM 112
(a) Clear. (b) Surface five (5) to ten (10) knots. 6,000 9-270° 10,000 18-260° 16,000 32-288° 20,000 34-280° 30,000 25-290° (c) Ceiling: 12,000. (d) Visibility: Fifteen (15) miles. (e) Amount of cloud cover: Fartly cloudy.	PAGE 2 OF 2 PAGE
(8) N/A. (9) N/A. (10) N/A.	to ten (10) knots.

BUCENE FISHER, JR 1/Lt., USAF Operations Officer

WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S. C., Sections 793 and 794. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. It may not be reproduced in whole or in part, by other than United States Air Force Agencies, except by permission of the Director of Intelligence, USAF.